

COVID-19 Weekly Update – 26th October 2020

Data correct as of 26th October 2020 but subject to revision

Compiled and published by Hampshire Public Health

26th October 2020



This report provides information on the COVID-19 pandemic in Hampshire and includes:

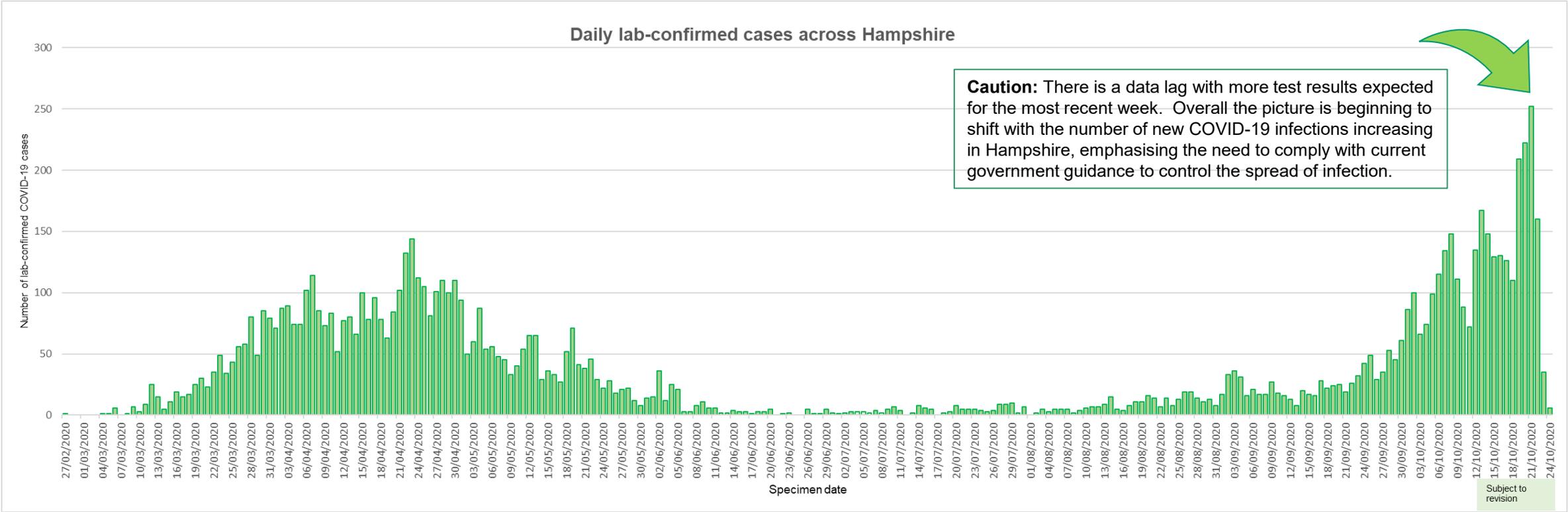
- COVID -19 infections – the total numbers of cases, rates within Hampshire's districts and overall picture across England
- Deaths - total deaths, which also includes those extra deaths above the number we would normally expect in Hampshire, over recent months



Infections – daily COVID-19 cases in Hampshire showing how the epidemic has progressed over time – the ‘epidemic curve’

During wave 1 only Pillar 1 testing was available, this included people admitted to hospital and later people living or working in a health or care environment. Widespread community testing (pillar 2) began on 14th July 2020. Due to these different testing strategies it is therefore not possible to directly compare the number and rates of positive tests between wave 1 and wave 2.

Data only includes those cases which have tested positive



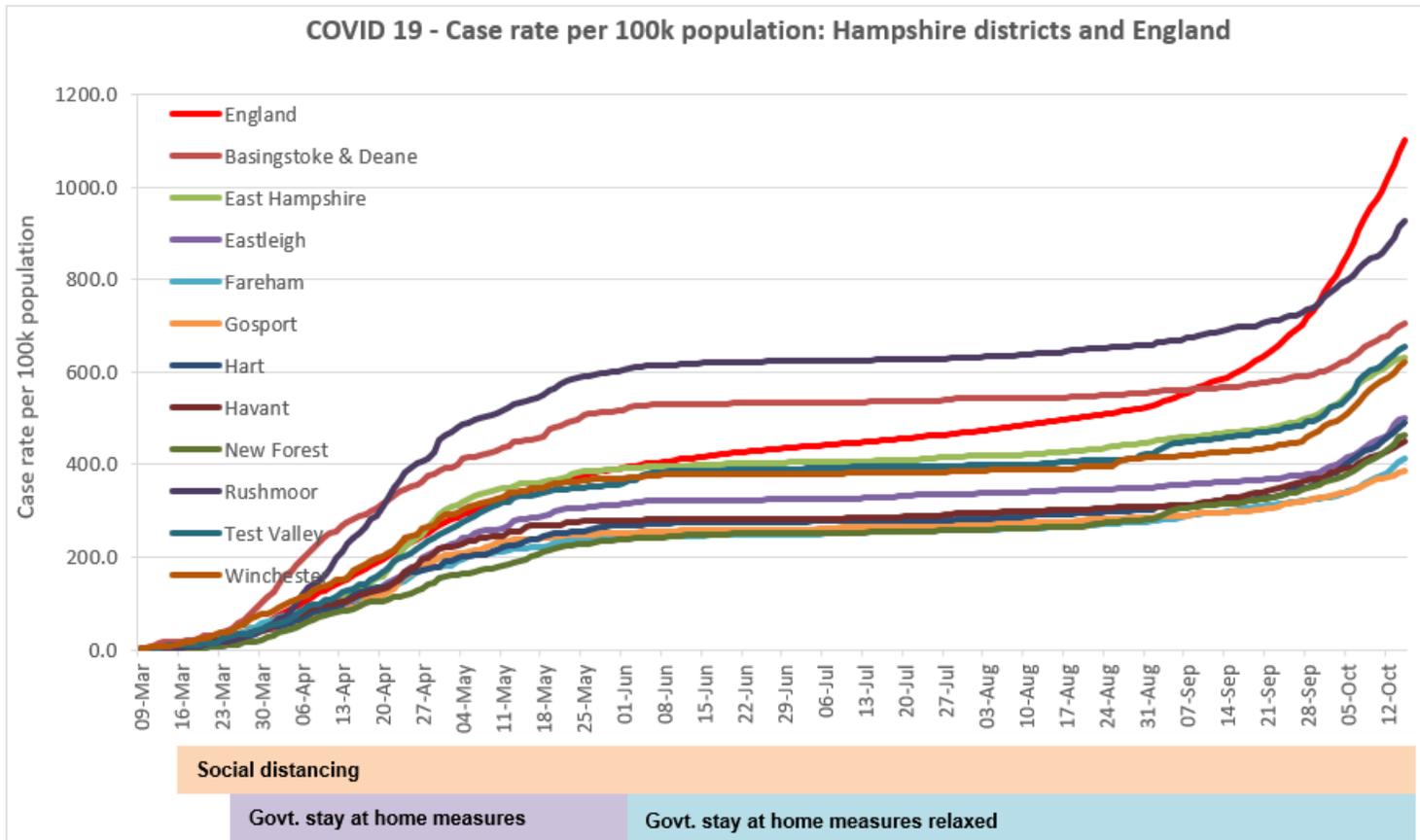
Source: [PHE dashboard](#) (Last updated on 25th October 2020)

The data now includes all cases, those which have been tested by NHS/PHE laboratories and by the Government's commercial testing partners



Infection rates – Total cases per 100,000 people across Hampshire Districts

- The trend in the total figures shows that the infection is slowly rising across Hampshire.
- The highest infection rate has been in the Rushmoor district, where it is now currently lower than the average infection rates for England.



England
Rushmoor
Basingstoke & Deane

Source: Data.gov COVID-19 dashboard & ONS MYE 2018

The above chart shows the crude rate of confirmed cases (cumulative) per 100k population for Hampshire districts and England. Data on confirmed cases is from Data.gov COVID-19 dashboard and population data is from ONS (mid year estimates 2018). Case numbers are subject to revisions, especially most recent numbers. Isle of Wight has implemented track and trace from 07/05. **Track and trace service went live in England on 28th May. Data was revised on 2nd July to include pillar 2 lab confirmed cases, as well as pillar 1.**



Infections- number of cases of COVID-19 per 100,000 people across England

The epidemic is now no longer localised and is growing in all regions.

Detections of COVID-19 cases in England remained high but stable in week 42. Incidence and positivity rates remain highest in the North of England but there have been declines in positivity in some areas including the North East and East Midlands.

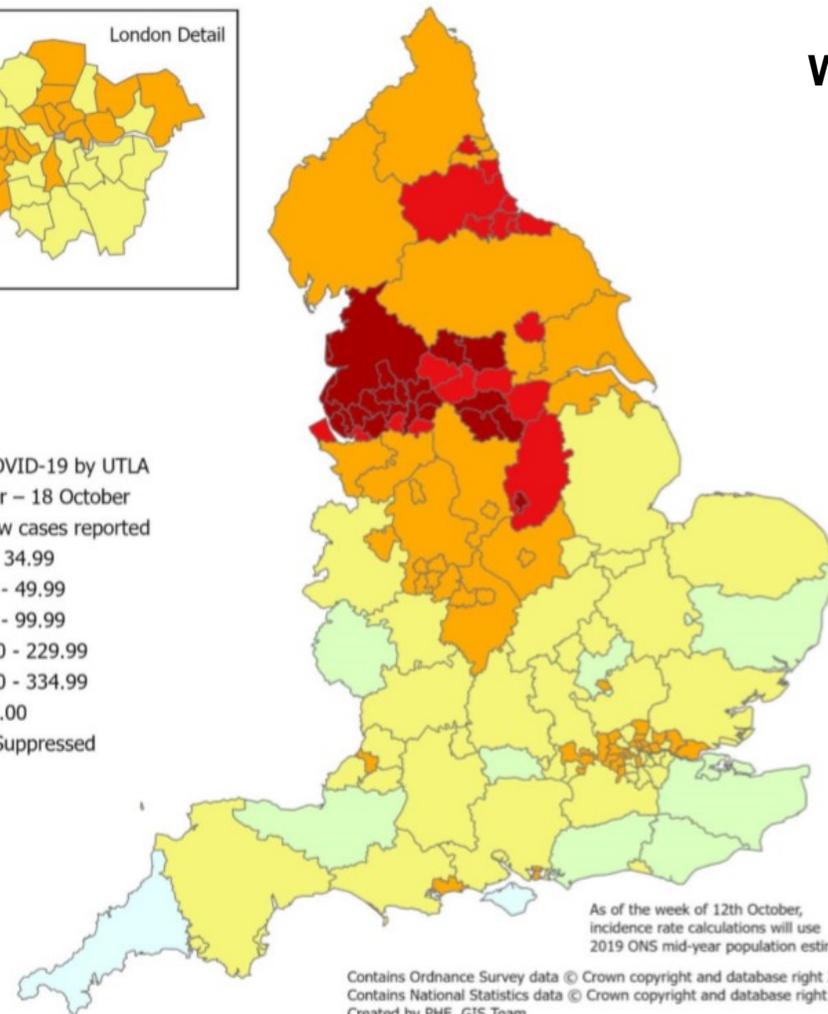
Weekly rate of COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population tested under Pillar 1 and 2, by upper-tier local authority, England (box shows enlarged map of London area)



Weekly rate: Week 42

Rate of COVID-19 by UTLA
12 October – 18 October

- No new cases reported
- 0.01 - 34.99
- 35.00 - 49.99
- 50.00 - 99.99
- 100.00 - 229.99
- 230.00 - 334.99
- ≥ 335.00
- Data Suppressed



As of the week of 12th October,
incidence rate calculations will use
2019 ONS mid-year population estimates.

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Contains National Statistics data © Crown copyright and database right 2020.
Created by PHE, GIS Team

Source: [Weekly Coronavirus Disease 2019 & Influenza \(COVID-19\) Surveillance Report](#)



Deaths

Deaths due to COVID-19 continue to be low, - the latest weekly figure is 1.
Excess (extra) deaths are below the number we would usually see at this time of year.



All deaths in 2020 by week, with proportion where COVID-19 is mentioned

