

Local Nature Recovery Strategy for Hampshire consultation

Summary report

This report summarises the responses to the consultation on the draft Local Nature Recovery Strategy (LNRS) for Hampshire, received using the Response Form.

The consultation opened on Monday 12 May 2025, and closed at 11.59pm on Monday 23 June 2025.

This report was run using the data as of 13:39 on 28/08/25.

The total number of responses received to date using the Response Form = 276, with the average respondent taking 22 minutes to respond. All questions in the form were optional, and the base therefore changes throughout the report.

Contents

Section 1 – Who responded (pages 3 to 15)

Section 2 – Issues and opportunities for nature recovery (pages 16 to 33)

Section 3 – Biodiversity priorities – outcomes and measures (pages 34 to 65)

Section 4 – Species recovery (pages 66 to 67)

Note on this report

Please note that this report provides a summary of all responses which have been submitted via the online Response Form. It does not include information submitted via emails, letters and other correspondence arising from the consultation process, which are reported separately.

All percentages are shown to the nearest whole percentage. This means, where a figure is greater than zero but lower than 0.5, the figure will show as "0%" on the report.

Section One - Who responded

Contents

Page 4: Response type

Page 5: Number of responses by date

Pages 6 to 12: Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation

Page 13: Types of organisation responding to the consultation

Pages 14: How respondents first heard about the consultation

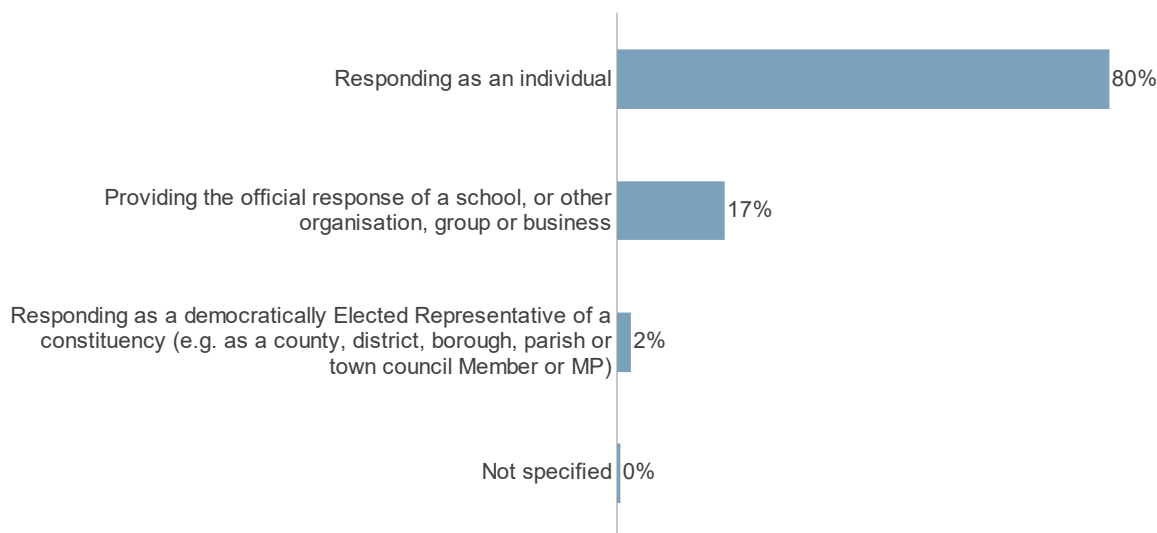
Page 15: Device type used for online responses

Response type

Are you...? (All responding - Base:276)

Asked to: All

Response option: Single-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 276 |
| Are you...? | | |
| Responding as an individual | 221 80% | |
| Providing the official response of a school, or other organisation, group or business | 48 17% | |
| Responding as a democratically Elected Representative of a constituency (e.g. as a county, district, borough, parish or town council Member or MP) | 6 2% | |
| Not specified | 1 0% | |

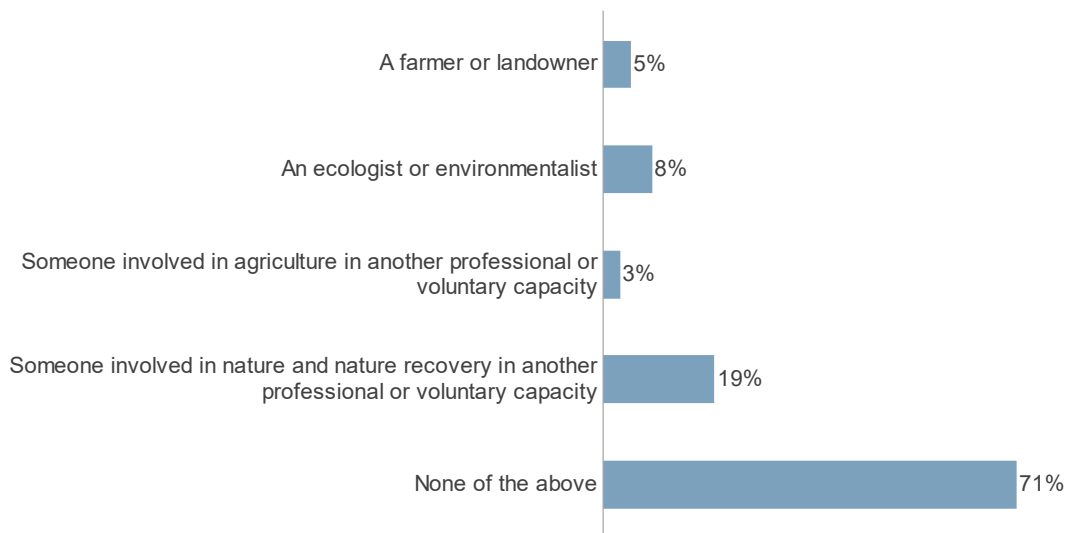
Number of responses received - by date

The total number of responses are shown below by date:

| Counts Respondents | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Base | 276 |
| Date of interview | | |
| | 15/05/2025 | 3 |
| | 16/05/2025 | 2 |
| | 18/05/2025 | 1 |
| | 19/05/2025 | 10 |
| | 20/05/2025 | 11 |
| | 21/05/2025 | 11 |
| | 22/05/2025 | 11 |
| | 23/05/2025 | 6 |
| | 24/05/2025 | 3 |
| | 26/05/2025 | 1 |
| | 29/05/2025 | 6 |
| | 30/05/2025 | 2 |
| | 01/06/2025 | 2 |
| | 02/06/2025 | 21 |
| | 03/06/2025 | 9 |
| | 04/06/2025 | 28 |
| | 05/06/2025 | 10 |
| | 06/06/2025 | 7 |
| | 07/06/2025 | 3 |
| | 08/06/2025 | 2 |
| | 09/06/2025 | 3 |
| | 10/06/2025 | 2 |
| | 11/06/2025 | 2 |
| | 12/06/2025 | 8 |
| | 13/06/2025 | 22 |
| | 14/06/2025 | 6 |
| | 15/06/2025 | 4 |
| | 16/06/2025 | 7 |
| | 17/06/2025 | 4 |
| | 18/06/2025 | 7 |
| | 19/06/2025 | 7 |
| | 20/06/2025 | 6 |
| | 21/06/2025 | 3 |
| | 22/06/2025 | 12 |
| | 23/06/2025 | 34 |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation

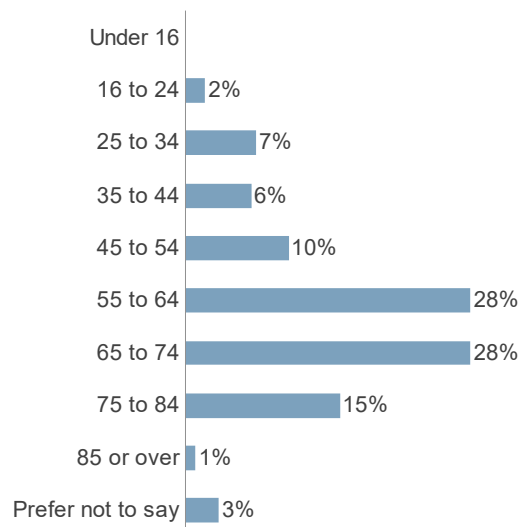
If you are responding as an individual, are you? (All responding - Base:216)
 Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual
 Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 216 |
| If you are responding as an individual, are you? | | |
| A farmer or landowner | 10 5% | |
| A developer | - - | |
| An ecologist or environmentalist | 18 8% | |
| Someone involved in agriculture in another professional or voluntary capacity | 6 3% | |
| Someone involved in nature and nature recovery in another professional or voluntary capacity | 41 19% | |
| None of the above | 153 71% | |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation

What is your age? (Please choose one option) (All responding - Base:219)
 Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual
 Response option: Single-select



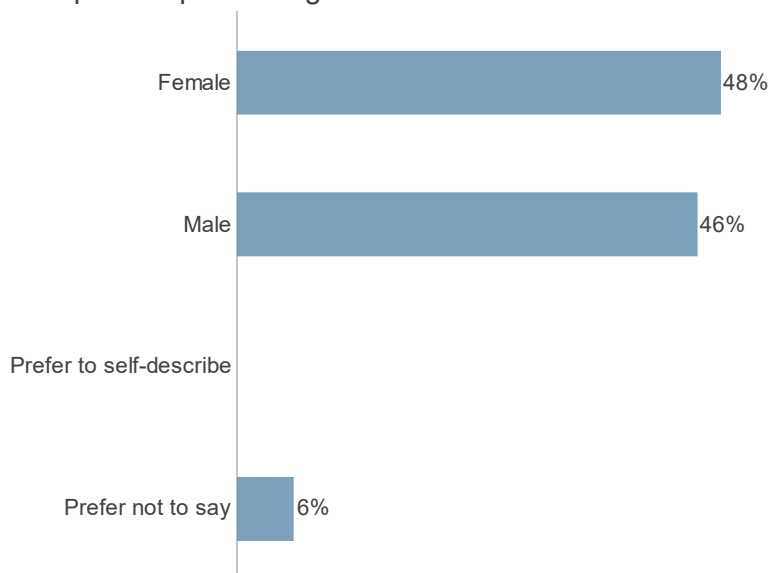
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|
| Base | | 219 |
| What is your age? (Please choose one option) | | |
| | Under 16 | - - |
| | 16 to 24 | 4 2% |
| | 25 to 34 | 15 7% |
| | 35 to 44 | 14 6% |
| | 45 to 54 | 22 10% |
| | 55 to 64 | 61 28% |
| | 65 to 74 | 61 28% |
| | 75 to 84 | 33 15% |
| | 85 or over | 2 1% |
| | Prefer not to say | 7 3% |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation (continued)

What is your gender? (Please choose one option) (All responding - Base:213)

Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual

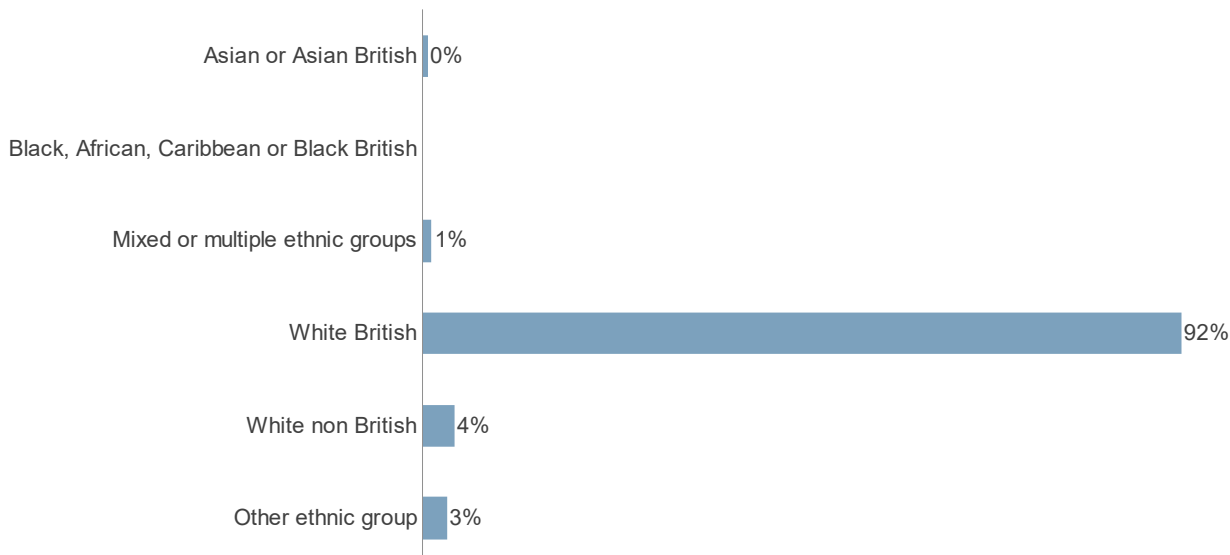
Response option: Single-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | Base | 213 |
| What is your gender? (Please choose one option) | | |
| | Female | 103 48% |
| | Male | 98 46% |
| | Prefer to self-describe | - - |
| | Prefer not to say | 12 6% |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation (continued)

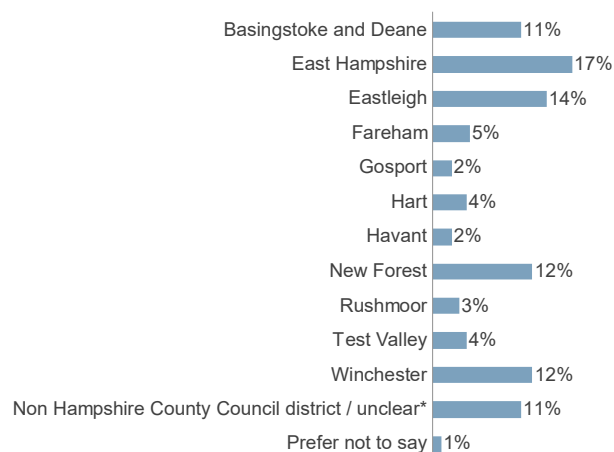
What is your ethnic group? (Please choose one option) (All responding - Base:214)
 Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual
 Response option: Single-select



| Counts | Break % |
|--|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 214 |
| What is your ethnic group? (Please choose one option) | |
| Asian or Asian British | 1 0% |
| Black, African, Caribbean or Black British | - - |
| Mixed or multiple ethnic groups | 2 1% |
| White British | 197 92% |
| White non British | 8 4% |
| Other ethnic group | 6 3% |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation (continued)

Respondent district (All responding - Base:218)
 Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual
 Response option: Write-in / Single-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|----------------------------|---|-------------|
| | Base | 218 |
| Respondent district | | |
| | Basingstoke and Deane | 24 11% |
| | East Hampshire | 38 17% |
| | Eastleigh | 31 14% |
| | Fareham | 10 5% |
| | Gosport | 5 2% |
| | Hart | 9 4% |
| | Havant | 5 2% |
| | New Forest | 27 12% |
| | Rushmoor | 7 3% |
| | Test Valley | 9 4% |
| | Winchester | 27 12% |
| | Non Hampshire County Council district / unclear* | 24 11% |
| | Prefer not to say | 2 1% |

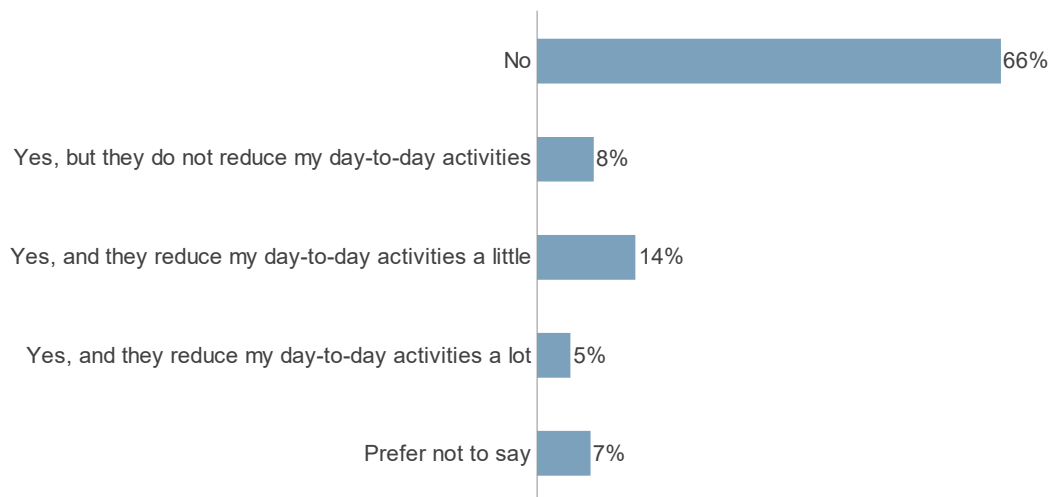
* Includes districts outside of the area served by Hampshire County Council (including Isle of Wight, Portsmouth, and Southampton) and any postcodes where it could not be determined which local authority falls under (e.g. due to only partial postcodes being provided)

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation (continued)

Do you have any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more? (All responding - Base:215)

Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual

Response option: Single-select



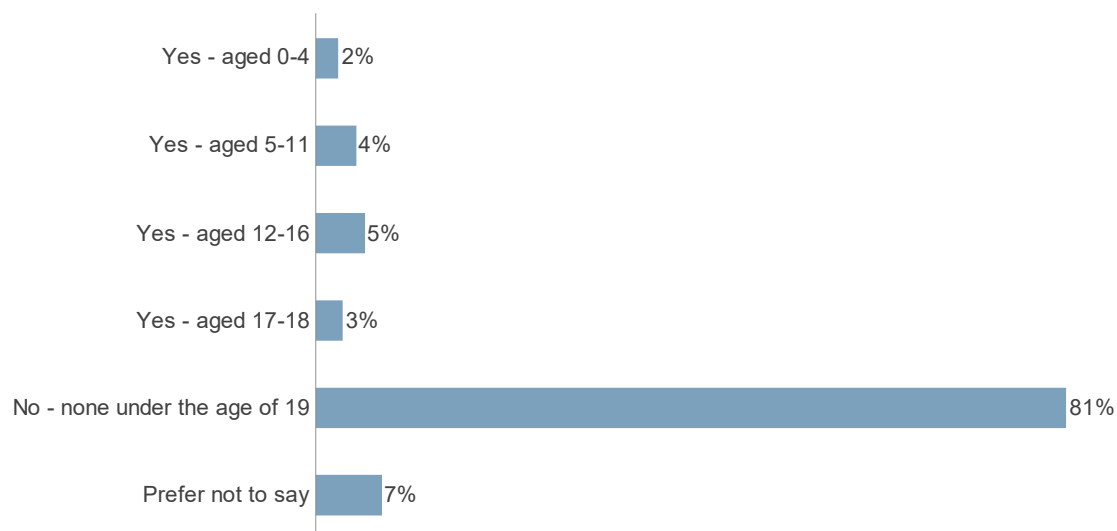
| Counts | Break % |
|---|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 215 |
| Do you have any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more? | |
| No | 142 66% |
| Yes, but they do not reduce my day-to-day activities | 17 8% |
| Yes, and they reduce my day-to-day activities a little | 30 14% |
| Yes, and they reduce my day-to-day activities a lot | 10 5% |
| Prefer not to say | 16 7% |

Demographics of individuals responding to the consultation (continued)

Are there any children or young people under the age of 19 living in your household (including yourself)? (All responding - Base:213)

Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an individual

Response option: Multi-select



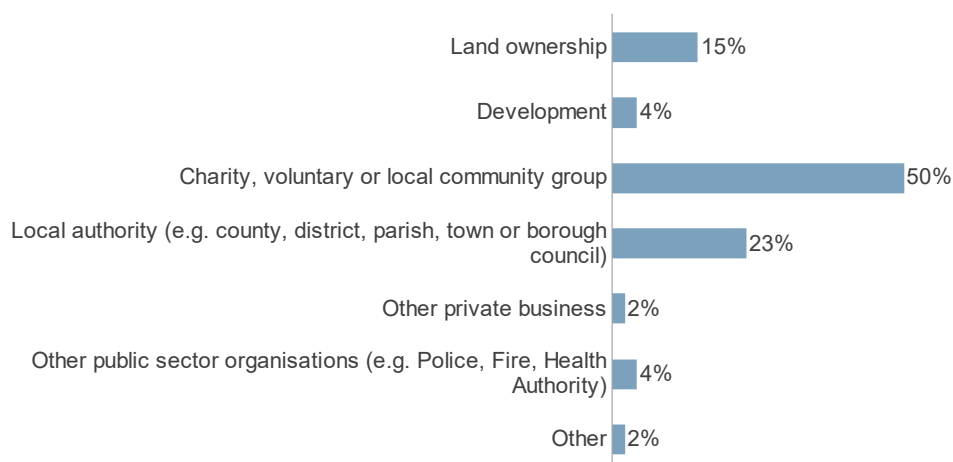
| Counts | Break % |
|--|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 213 |
| Are there any children or young people under the age of 19 living in your household (including yourself)? | |
| Yes - aged 0-4 | 5 2% |
| Yes - aged 5-11 | 9 4% |
| Yes - aged 12-16 | 11 5% |
| Yes - aged 17-18 | 6 3% |
| No - none under the age of 19 | 173 81% |
| Prefer not to say | 15 7% |

Types of organisation responding to the consultation

Which of these best describes the industry or function of your organisation, group or business?
(All responding- Base:48)

Asked to: Those responding to the consultation as an official response on behalf of a school,
organisation, group or business

Response option: Single-select



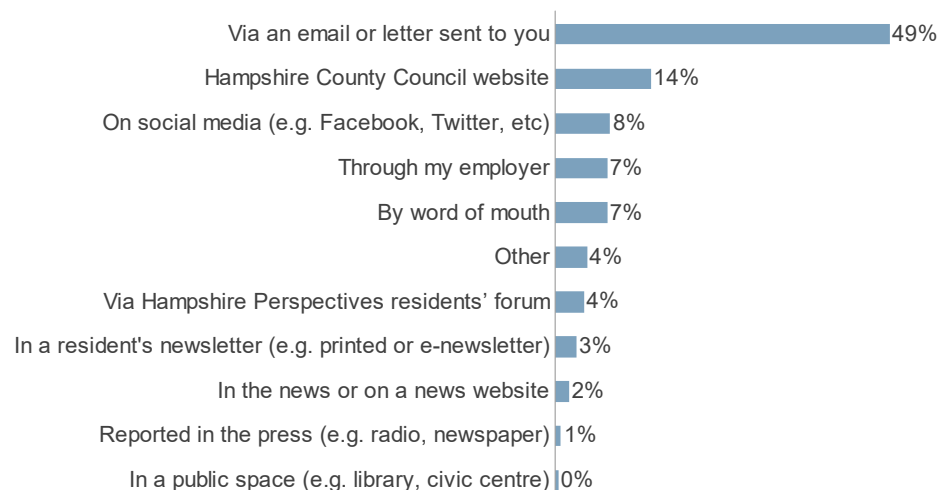
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|---|-------------|
| | Base | 48 |
| Which of these best describes the industry or function of your organisation, group or business? | | |
| | Farm | - |
| | | - |
| | Land ownership | 7 |
| | | 15% |
| | Development | 2 |
| | | 4% |
| | Charity, voluntary or local community group | 24 |
| | | 50% |
| | Local authority (e.g. county, district, parish, town or borough council) | 11 |
| | | 23% |
| | Place of education (e.g. school, nursery, college, university) | - |
| | | - |
| | Other private business | 1 |
| | | 2% |
| | Other public sector organisations (e.g. Police, Fire, Health Authority) | 2 |
| | | 4% |
| | Other | 1 |
| | | 2% |

How respondents first heard about the consultation

Finally, to help us improve access to future consultations, please tell us where you first heard about this consultation: (All responding - Base:267)

Asked to: All

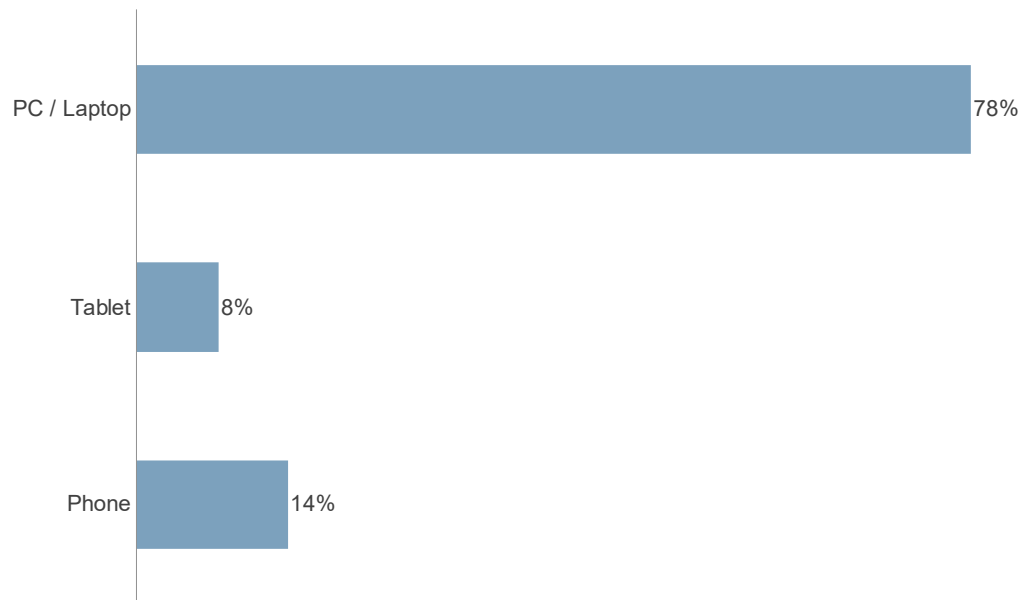
Response option: Single-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 267 |
| Finally, to help us improve access to future consultations, please tell us where you first heard about this consultation: | | |
| Via an email or letter sent to you | 130 49% | |
| Hampshire County Council website | 37 14% | |
| On social media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, etc) | 21 8% | |
| Through my employer | 20 7% | |
| By word of mouth | 20 7% | |
| Other | 12 4% | |
| Via Hampshire Perspectives residents' forum | 11 4% | |
| In a resident's newsletter (e.g. printed or e-newsletter) | 8 3% | |
| In the news or on a news website | 5 2% | |
| Reported in the press (e.g. radio, newspaper) | 2 1% | |
| In a public space (e.g. library, civic centre) | 1 0% | |

Type of device used to respond

Type of device used to complete the online Response Form (All respondents - Base: 276)



| Counts Break % Respondents | |
|--|--------------------|
| | Base |
| | 276 |
| The published format which was employed | |
| | PC / Laptop |
| | 216 78% |
| | Tablet |
| | 21 8% |
| | Phone |
| | 39 14% |

Section Two - Issues and opportunities for nature recovery

Contents

Page 17: Number of responses received for each strategy area

Pages 18 to 19: Rivers and wetlands

Pages 20 to 21: Woodland

Pages 22 to 23: Greenspace, health and access to nature

Pages 24 to 25: Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths

Pages 26 to 27: Central Chalk Belt

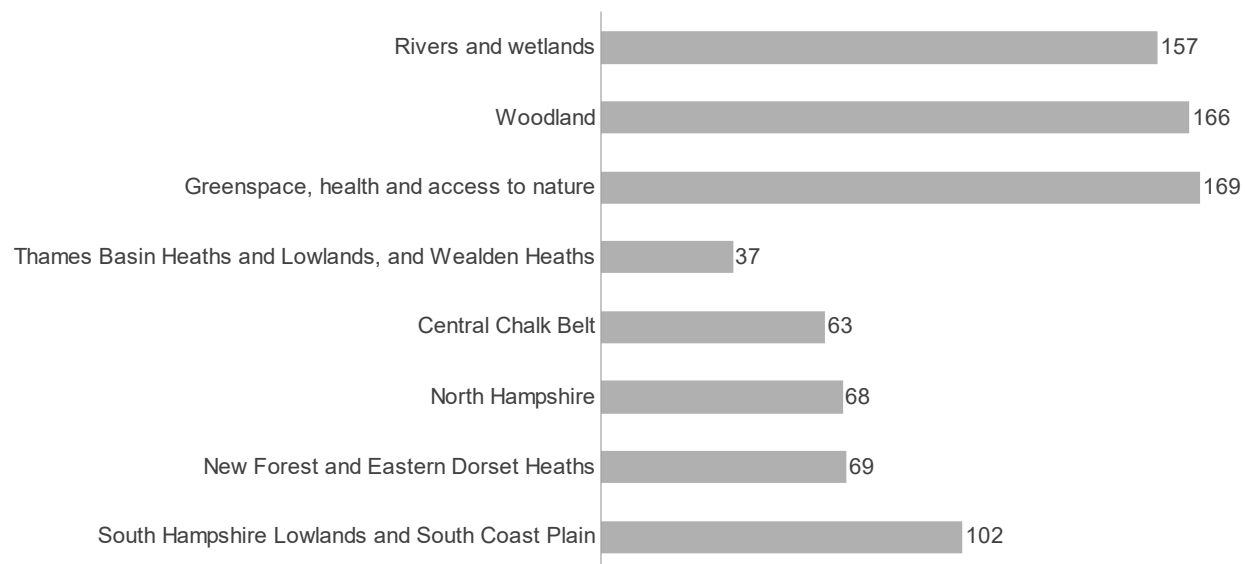
Pages 28 to 29: North Hampshire

Pages 30 to 31: New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths

Pages 32 to 33: South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain

Number of responses received for each strategy area (counts)

The number of respondents who gave a response to at least one of the questions for each strategy area

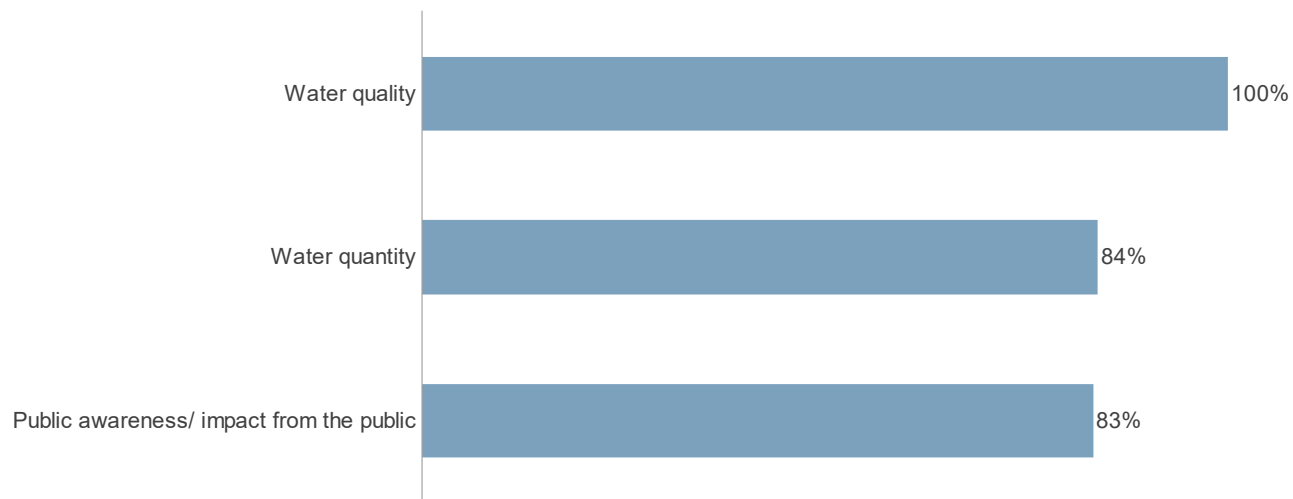


Rivers and wetlands - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for rivers and wetlands in Hampshire? (All responding - Base:155)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



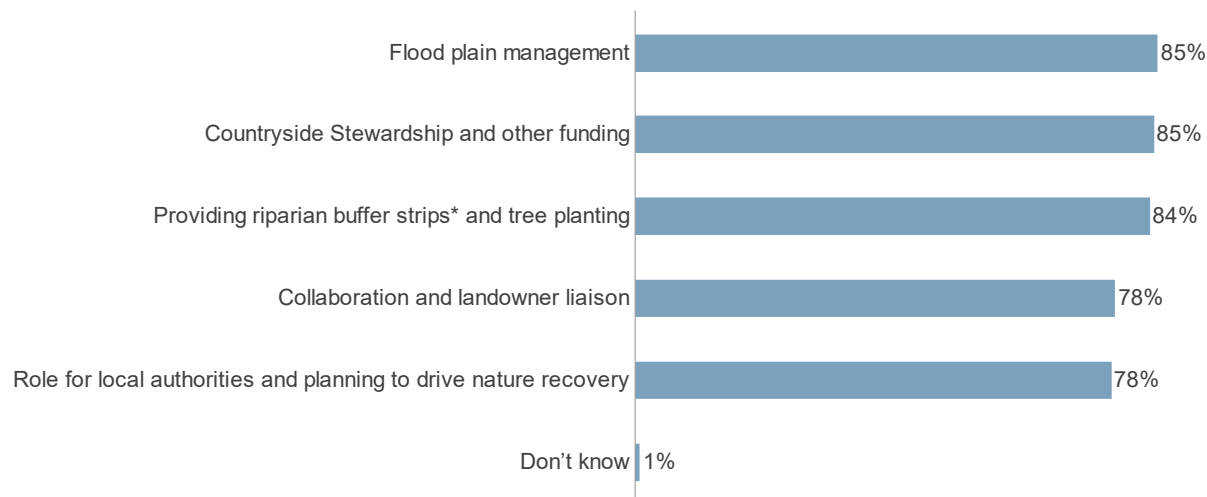
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|---|-------------|
| | Base | 155 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for rivers and wetlands in Hampshire? | | |
| | Water quality | 155 100% |
| | Water quantity | 130 84% |
| | Public awareness/ impact from the public | 129 83% |

Rivers and wetlands - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve rivers and wetlands? (All responding - Base:157)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



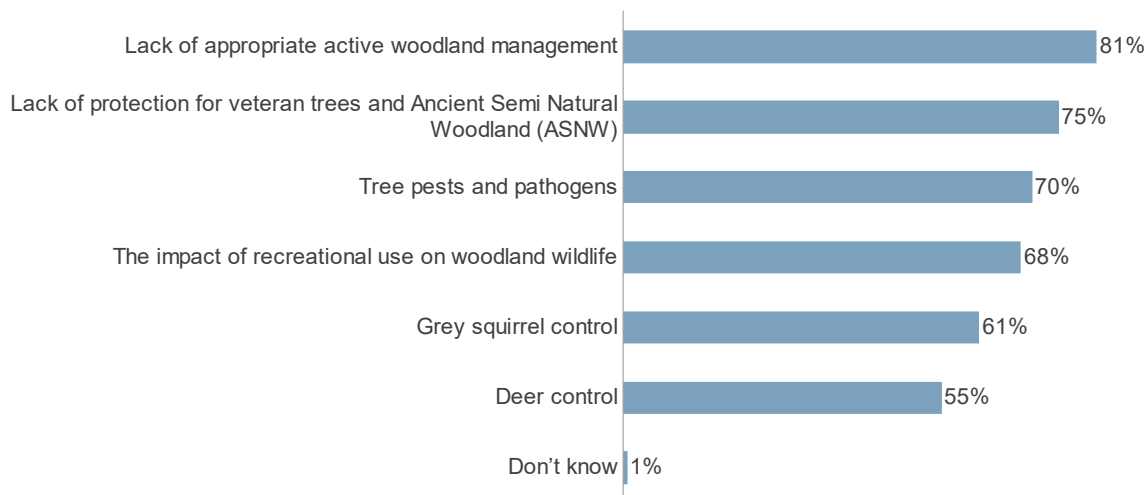
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 157 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve rivers and wetlands? | | |
| Flood plain management | 134 85% | |
| Countryside Stewardship and other funding | 133 85% | |
| Providing riparian buffer strips* and tree planting | 132 84% | |
| Collaboration and landowner liaison | 123 78% | |
| Role for local authorities and planning to drive nature recovery | 122 78% | |
| Don't know | 1 1% | |

Woodland - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for woodland in Hampshire? (All responding - Base:154)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



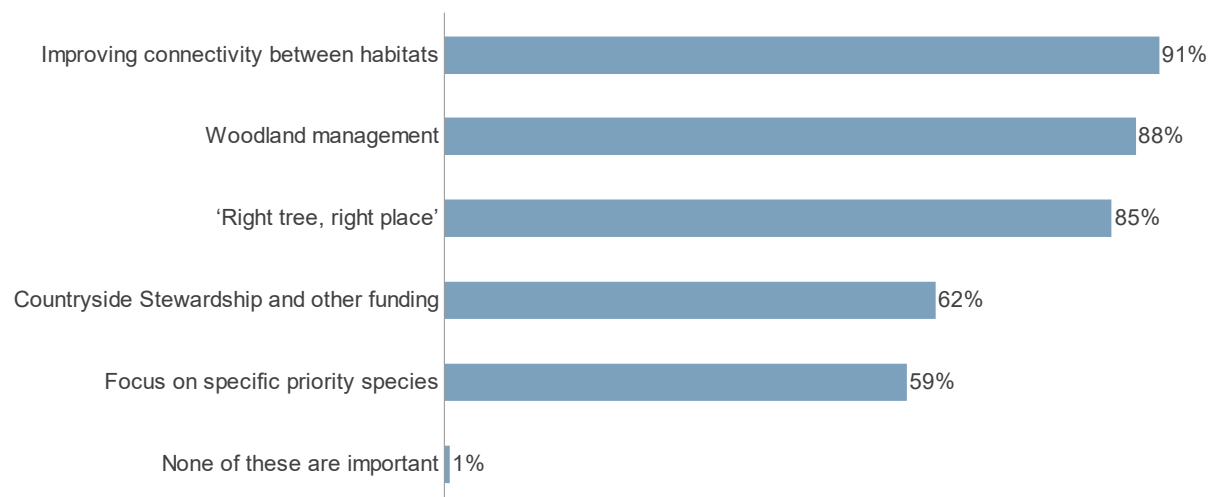
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 154 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for woodland in Hampshire? | | |
| Lack of appropriate active woodland management | 125 81% | |
| Lack of protection for veteran trees and Ancient Semi Natural Woodland (ASNW) | 115 75% | |
| Tree pests and pathogens | 108 70% | |
| The impact of recreational use on woodland wildlife | 105 68% | |
| Grey squirrel control | 94 61% | |
| Deer control | 84 55% | |
| Don't know | 1 1% | |

Woodland - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve woodland? (All responding - Base:165)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



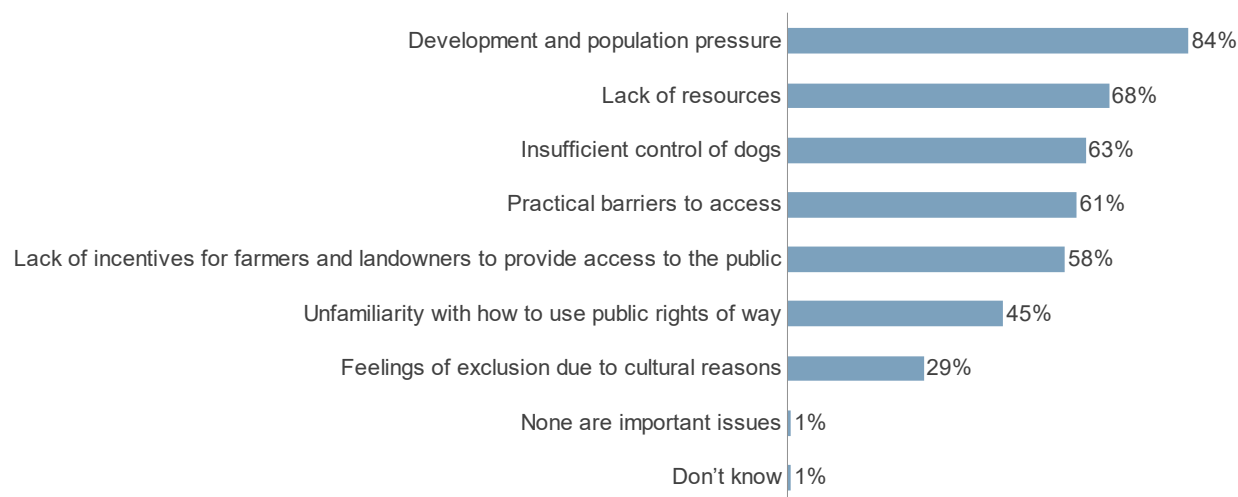
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 165 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve woodland? | | |
| Improving connectivity between habitats | 150 91% | |
| Woodland management | 145 88% | |
| 'Right tree, right place' | 140 85% | |
| Countryside Stewardship and other funding | 103 62% | |
| Focus on specific priority species | 97 59% | |
| None of these are important | 1 1% | |

Greenspace, health and access to nature - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for greenspace, health and access to nature in Hampshire? (All responding - Base:161)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



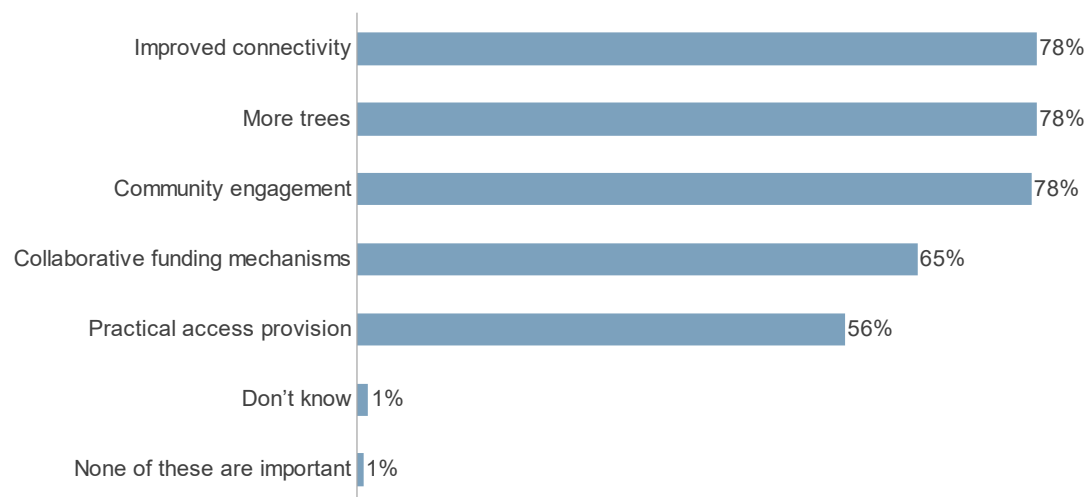
| Counts Break % Respondents | |
|---|-----------------|
| | Base 161 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for greenspace, health and access to nature in Hampshire? | |
| Development and population pressure | 136 84% |
| Lack of resources | 109 68% |
| Insufficient control of dogs | 101 63% |
| Practical barriers to access | 98 61% |
| Lack of incentives for farmers and landowners to provide access to the public | 94 58% |
| Unfamiliarity with how to use public rights of way | 73 45% |
| Feelings of exclusion due to cultural reasons | 46 29% |
| None are important issues | 1 1% |
| Don't know | 1 1% |

Greenspace, health and access to nature - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for greenspace, health and access to nature? (All responding - Base:167)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



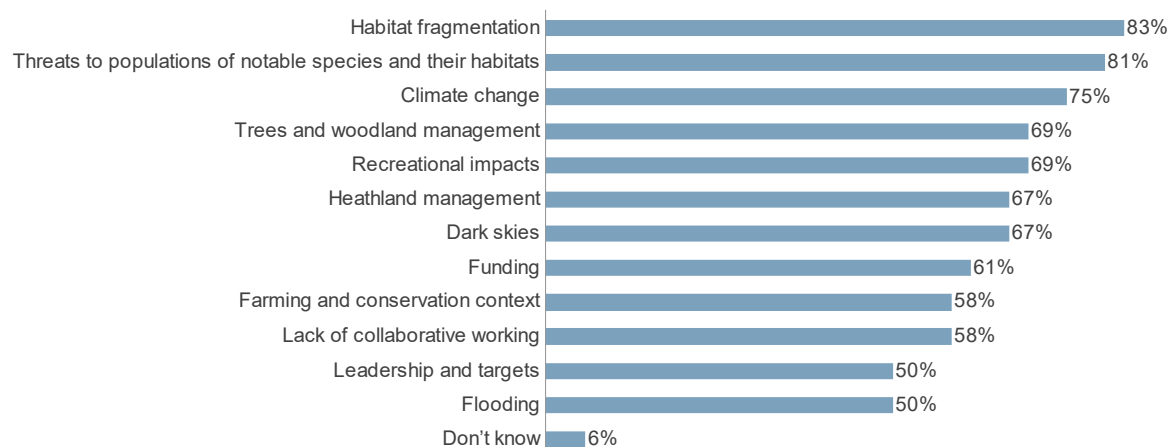
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 167 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for greenspace, health and access to nature? | | |
| Improved connectivity | 131 78% | |
| More trees | 131 78% | |
| Community engagement | 130 78% | |
| Collaborative funding mechanisms | 108 65% | |
| Practical access provision | 94 56% | |
| Don't know | 2 1% | |
| None of these are important | 1 1% | |

Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths? (All responding - Base:36)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



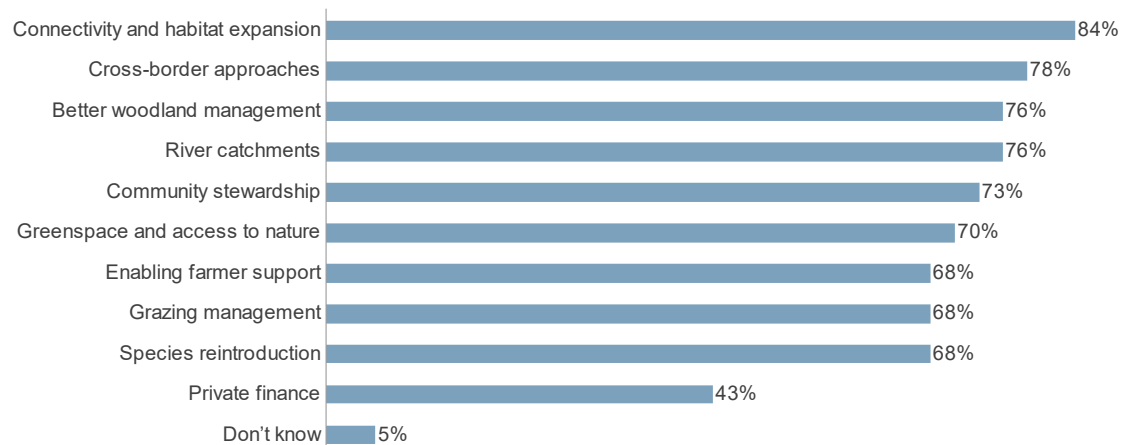
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 36 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths? | | |
| Habitat fragmentation | 30 | 83% |
| Threats to populations of notable species and their habitats | 29 | 81% |
| Climate change | 27 | 75% |
| Trees and woodland management | 25 | 69% |
| Recreational impacts | 25 | 69% |
| Heathland management | 24 | 67% |
| Dark skies | 24 | 67% |
| Funding | 22 | 61% |
| Farming and conservation context | 21 | 58% |
| Lack of collaborative working | 21 | 58% |
| Leadership and targets | 18 | 50% |
| Flooding | 18 | 50% |
| Don't know | 2 | 6% |

Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths? (All responding - Base:37)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

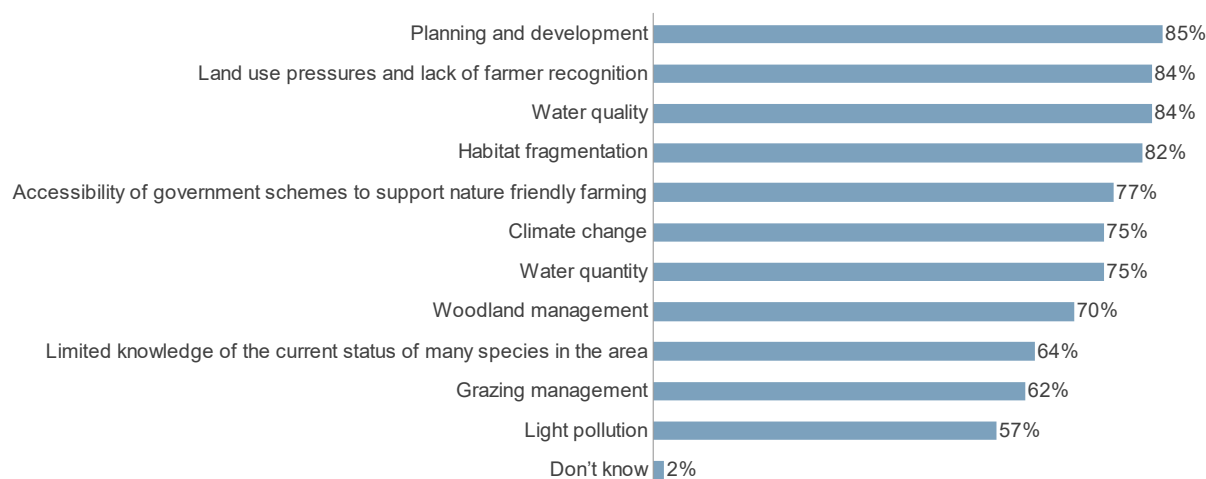
Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 37 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the Thames Basin Heaths and Lowlands, and Wealden Heaths? | | |
| Connectivity and habitat expansion | 31 84% | |
| Cross-border approaches | 29 78% | |
| Better woodland management | 28 76% | |
| River catchments | 28 76% | |
| Community stewardship | 27 73% | |
| Greenspace and access to nature | 26 70% | |
| Enabling farmer support | 25 68% | |
| Grazing management | 25 68% | |
| Species reintroduction | 25 68% | |
| Private finance | 16 43% | |
| Don't know | 2 5% | |

Central Chalk Belt - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the Central Chalk Belt? (All responding - Base:61)
 Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area
 Response option: Multi-select



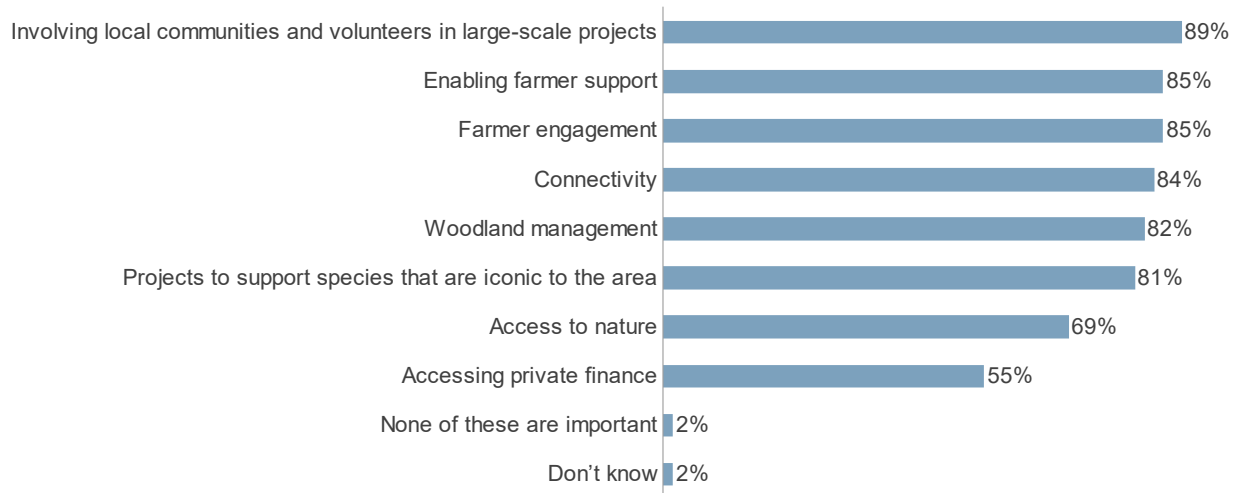
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 61 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the Central Chalk Belt? | | |
| Planning and development | 52 | 85% |
| Land use pressures and lack of farmer recognition | 51 | 84% |
| Water quality | 51 | 84% |
| Habitat fragmentation | 50 | 82% |
| Accessibility of government schemes to support nature friendly farming | 47 | 77% |
| Climate change | 46 | 75% |
| Water quantity | 46 | 75% |
| Woodland management | 43 | 70% |
| Limited knowledge of the current status of many species in the area | 39 | 64% |
| Grazing management | 38 | 62% |
| Light pollution | 35 | 57% |
| Don't know | 1 | 2% |

Central Chalk Belt - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the Central Chalk Belt? (All responding - Base:62)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

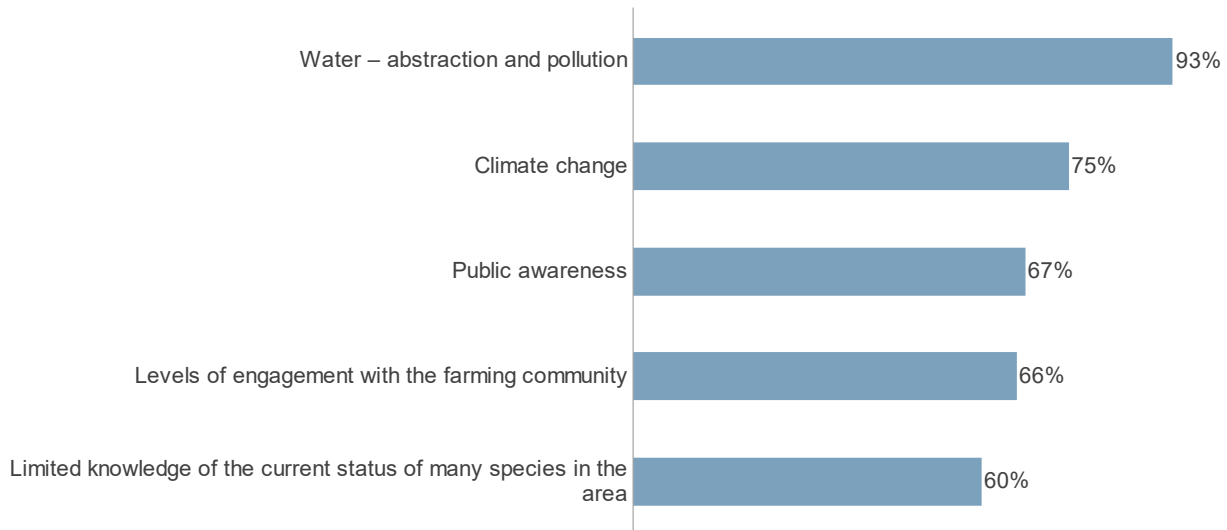
Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|-----------|-------------|
| Base | | 62 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the Central Chalk Belt? | | |
| Involving local communities and volunteers in large-scale projects | 55 89% | |
| Enabling farmer support | 53 85% | |
| Farmer engagement | 53 85% | |
| Connectivity | 52 84% | |
| Woodland management | 51 82% | |
| Projects to support species that are iconic to the area | 50 81% | |
| Access to nature | 43 69% | |
| Accessing private finance | 34 55% | |
| None of these are important | 1 2% | |
| Don't know | 1 2% | |

North Hampshire - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for North Hampshire? (All responding - Base:67)
 Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area
 Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % |
|--|-----------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 67 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for North Hampshire? | |
| Water – abstraction and pollution | 62 93% |
| Climate change | 50 75% |
| Public awareness | 45 67% |
| Levels of engagement with the farming community | 44 66% |
| Limited knowledge of the current status of many species in the area | 40 60% |

North Hampshire - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for North Hampshire? (All responding - Base:66)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



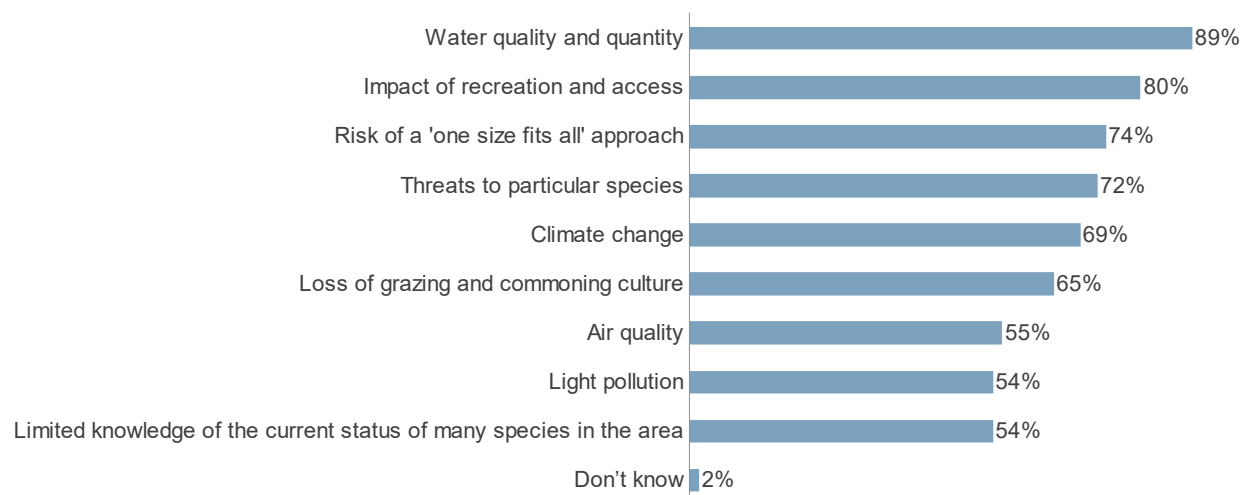
| Counts | Break % |
|---|-----------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 66 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for North Hampshire? | |
| Habitat connectivity | 60 91% |
| Prioritising river restoration and wetland creation | 54 82% |
| Nature-based solutions at wastewater treatment works | 53 80% |
| Woodland creation and management | 52 79% |
| Access to funding and grant schemes | 47 71% |
| Cross-border approaches | 47 71% |
| Reduce recreational impacts on existing designated wildlife sites by creating additional greenspace | 45 68% |
| Creation of farm clusters | 43 65% |
| Opportunities for species work | 38 58% |
| None of these are important | 1 2% |

New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths?
(All responding - Base:65)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



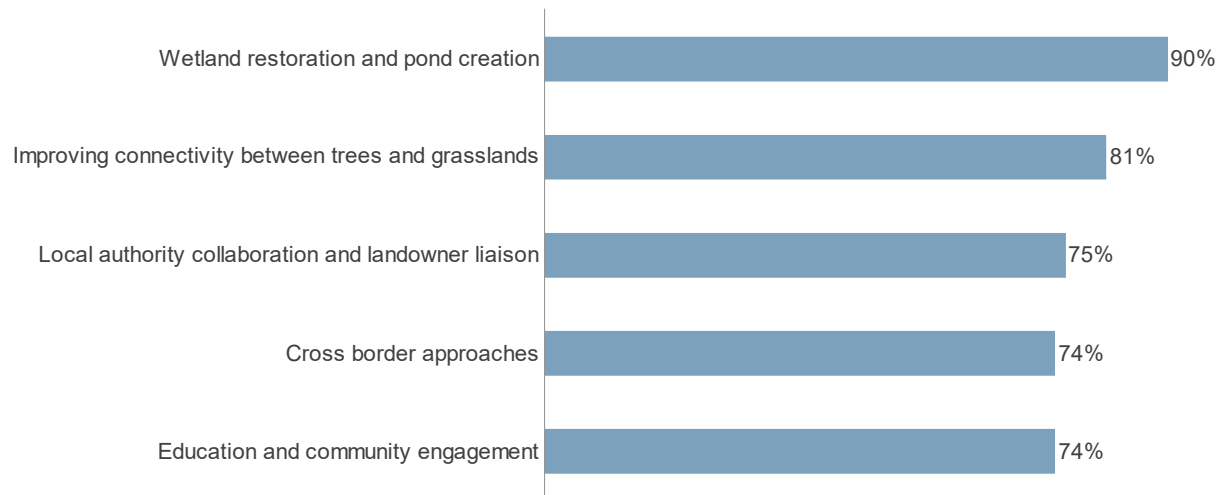
| Counts | Break % |
|---|----------------|
| Respondents | |
| | Base 65 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths? | |
| Water quality and quantity | 58 89% |
| Impact of recreation and access | 52 80% |
| Risk of a 'one size fits all' approach | 48 74% |
| Threats to particular species | 47 72% |
| Climate change | 45 69% |
| Loss of grazing and commoning culture | 42 65% |
| Air quality | 36 55% |
| Light pollution | 35 54% |
| Limited knowledge of the current status of many species in the area | 35 54% |
| Don't know | 1 2% |

New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths? (All responding - Base:68)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



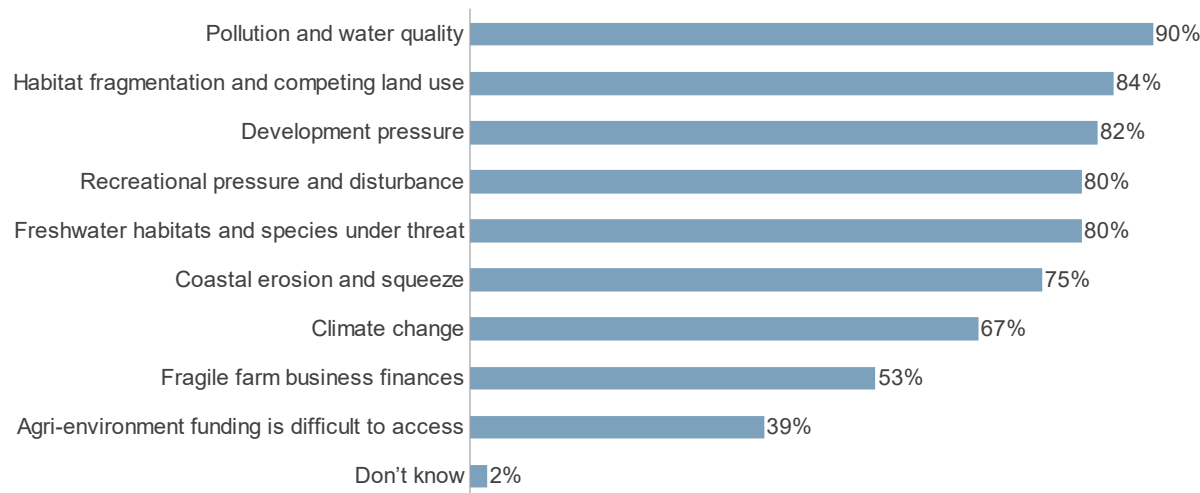
| Counts | Break % |
|--|-----------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 68 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the New Forest and Eastern Dorset Heaths? | |
| Wetland restoration and pond creation | 61 90% |
| Improving connectivity between trees and grasslands | 55 81% |
| Local authority collaboration and landowner liaison | 51 75% |
| Cross border approaches | 50 74% |
| Education and community engagement | 50 74% |

South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain - issues

Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain? (All responding - Base:96)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



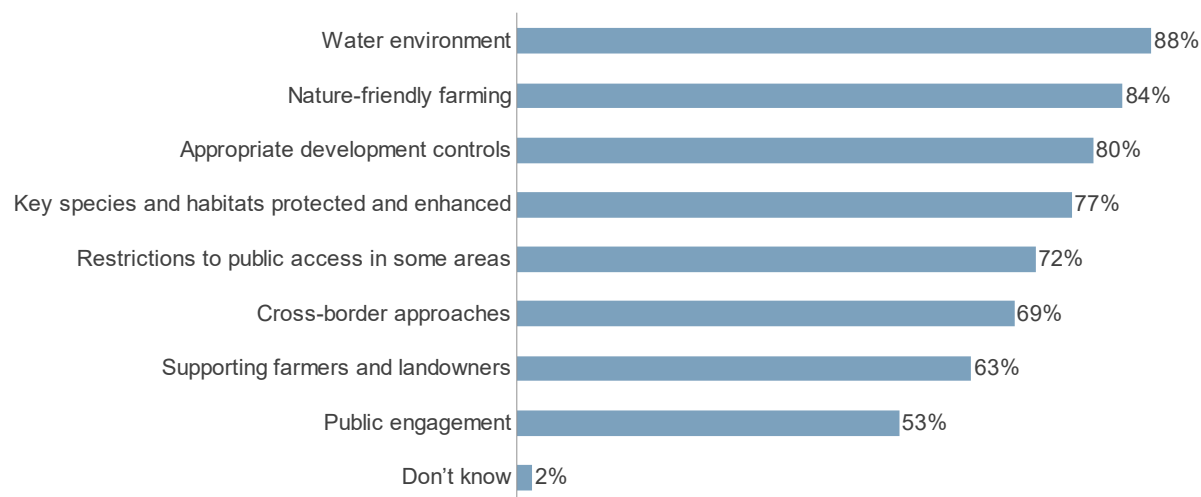
| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 96 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important issues for the South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain? | | |
| Pollution and water quality | 86 | 90% |
| Habitat fragmentation and competing land use | 81 | 84% |
| Development pressure | 79 | 82% |
| Recreational pressure and disturbance | 77 | 80% |
| Freshwater habitats and species under threat | 77 | 80% |
| Coastal erosion and squeeze | 72 | 75% |
| Climate change | 64 | 67% |
| Fragile farm business finances | 51 | 53% |
| Agri-environment funding is difficult to access | 37 | 39% |
| Don't know | 2 | 2% |

South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain - opportunities for nature recovery

Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain? (All responding - Base:100)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this strategy area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|---------|-------------|
| | Base | 100 |
| Which, if any, do you think are important to protect or improve for the South Hampshire Lowlands and South Coast Plain? | | |
| Water environment | 88 | 88% |
| Nature-friendly farming | 84 | 84% |
| Appropriate development controls | 80 | 80% |
| Key species and habitats protected and enhanced | 77 | 77% |
| Restrictions to public access in some areas | 72 | 72% |
| Cross-border approaches | 69 | 69% |
| Supporting farmers and landowners | 63 | 63% |
| Public engagement | 53 | 53% |
| Don't know | 2 | 2% |

Section Three - Biodiversity priorities – outcomes and measures

Contents

Page 35: Number of responses received for each priority area

Pages 36 to 38: Chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones

Pages 39 to 41: Wetlands, ponds and ditches

Pages 42 to 44: Species rich grasslands

Pages 45 to 46: Heathland and acid grassland mosaics

Pages 47 to 49: Woodlands

Pages 50 to 51: Wood pasture and parklands

Pages 52 to 54: Coastal

Pages 55 to 56: Farming and nature

Pages 57 to 58: Hedgerows

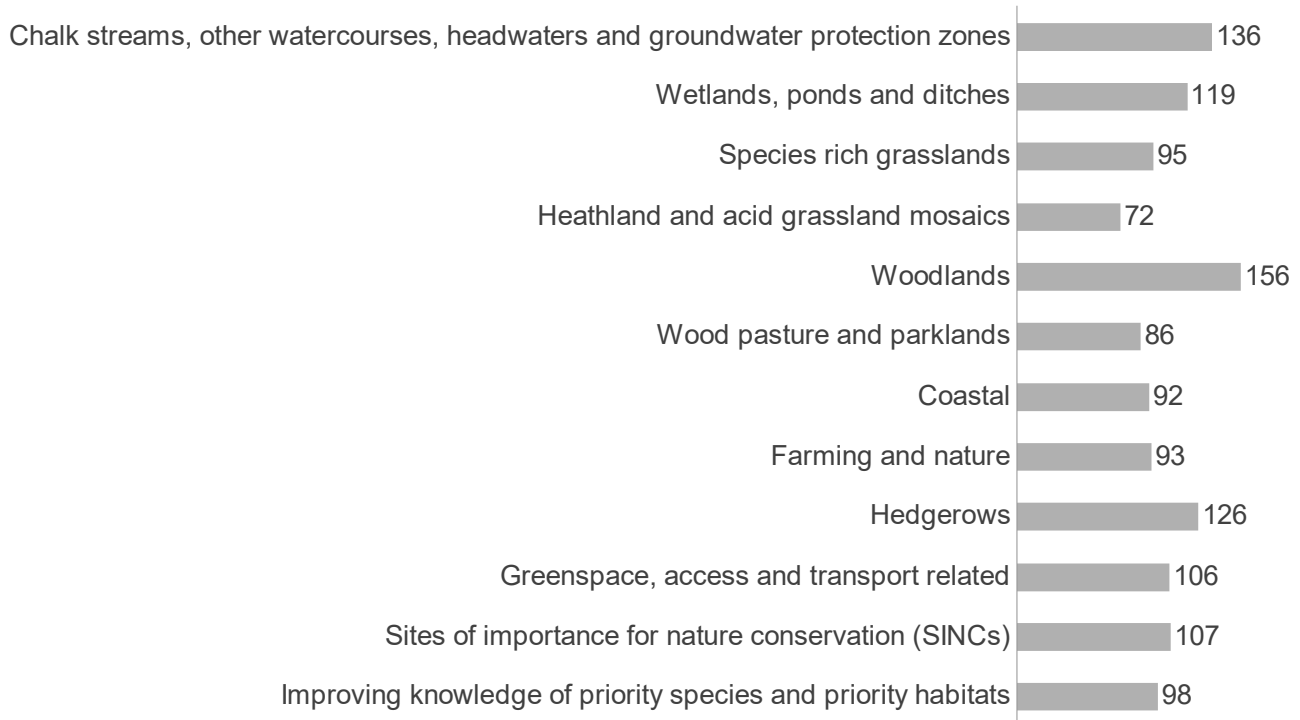
Pages 59 to 61: Greenspace, access and transport related

Pages 62 to 63: Sites of importance for nature conservation (SINCs)

Pages 64 to 65: Improving knowledge of priority species and priority habitats

Number of responses received for each priority area (counts)

The number of respondents who gave a response to at least one of the questions for each priority area



Note on question wording when asking about potential outcomes for each priority area:

For each of the priority areas they selected, respondents were shown a list of potential outcomes for that priority area and asked whether they thought they would like to see that outcome achieved.

Some priority areas had multiple potential outcomes, whereas others only had one. Therefore, the question wording was slightly different depending on whether there were multiple or just a single outcome for the priority area.

For priority areas with multiple outcomes, respondents were shown the list and asked to select which ones, if any, they would like to see achieved. Respondents could select as many outcomes as they wished, or could select 'None of these' or 'Don't know'.

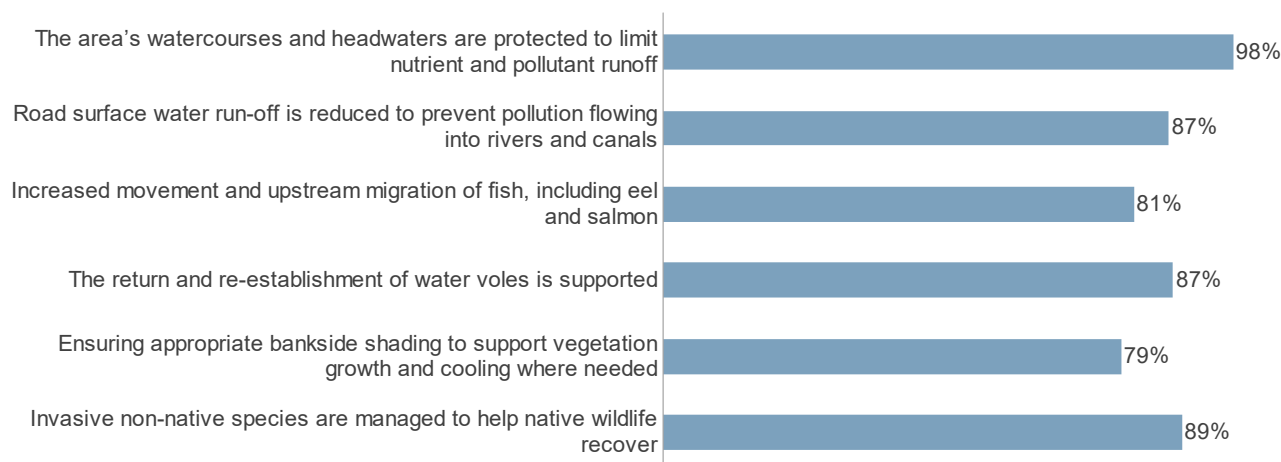
Whereas the question wording for priority areas with only one outcome, respondents were provided with the answer options 'Yes', 'No' or 'Don't know' when asked whether they would like to see that outcome achieved.

**Chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones -
Outcomes**

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones in Hampshire? (All responding - Base:135)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % |
|---|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 135 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones in Hampshire? | |
| The area's watercourses and headwaters are protected to limit nutrient and pollutant runoff | 132 98% |
| Road surface water run-off is reduced to prevent pollution flowing into rivers and canals | 117 87% |
| Increased movement and upstream migration of fish, including eel and salmon | 109 81% |
| The return and re-establishment of water voles is supported | 118 87% |
| Ensuring appropriate bankside shading to support vegetation growth and cooling where needed | 106 79% |
| Invasive non-native species are managed to help native wildlife recover | 120 89% |

**Chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones -
Measures**

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: The area's watercourses and headwaters are protected to reduce the amount of nutrients and pollutants entering the water courses and groundwaters

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|------------|----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Riparian buffer strips* are created and managed on land next to watercourses | 125 | 115 92% | 1 1% | 9 7% |
| Arable land is reverted to grassland and intensive grassland is managed, which reduces the need for fertiliser | 126 | 81 64% | 10 8% | 35 28% |
| Intercept and slow surface run-off from rainfall events and make space on permanent grassland for water from rivers and streams to be stored during a flood event | 127 | 112 88% | 2 2% | 13 10% |
| Application of very low nitrogen input to slow or reverse nutrient levels in groundwater | 121 | 82 68% | 4 3% | 35 29% |
| In-channel improvements such as gravel cleaning and restoration of lost or relic meanders | 125 | 93 74% | 3 2% | 29 23% |
| Improve connectivity between river and floodplain | 123 | 103 84% | 1 1% | 19 15% |

OUTCOME: Road surface water run-off is reduced to prevent pollution flowing into rivers and canals

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Existing infrastructure is improved | 111 | 100 90% | - | 11 10% |
| "Natural barriers" such as wetlands/reedbeds or channels are built alongside the busiest roads to filter run-off of road surface water | 114 | 106 93% | - | 8 7% |

OUTCOME: Increased movement and upstream migration of fish, including eel and salmon.

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Fish barriers are removed | 107 | 89 83% | 2 2% | 16 15% |

**Chalk streams, other watercourses, headwaters and groundwater protection zones -
Measures (continued)**

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: The return and re-establishment of water voles is supported.

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Measures to control/eradicate mink are implemented | 117 | 99 85% | 4 3% | 14 12% |

OUTCOME: Ensuring the right amount of shading on banksides to allow for growth of bankside flora and in-channel vegetation or provide cooling where necessary

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Bankside trees are managed | 104 | 96 92% | 1 1% | 7 7% |

OUTCOME: Invasive non-native aquatic and riparian species are controlled / eradicated to allow native plants and animals to re-establish.

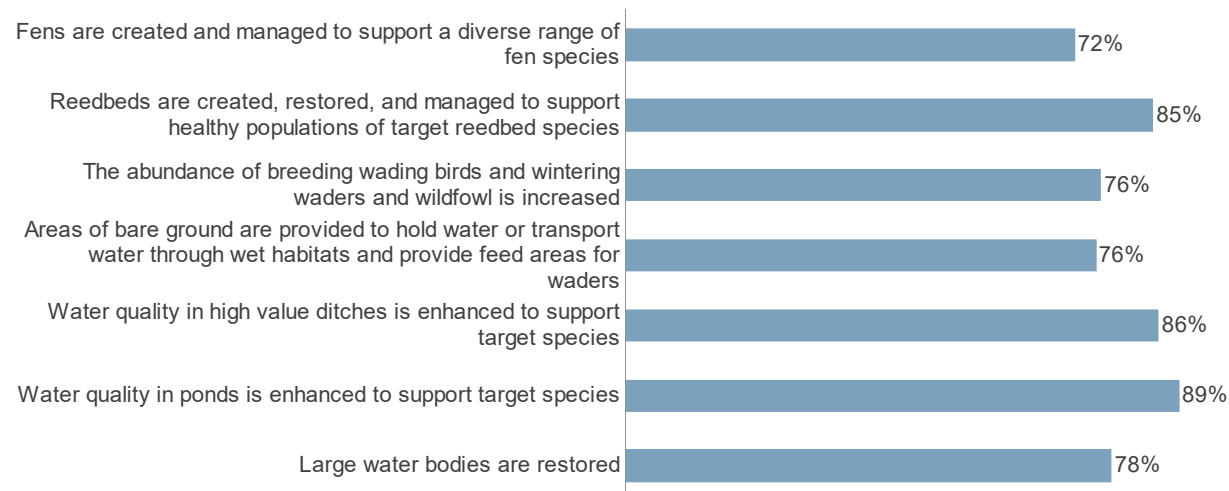
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|------------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Measures to reduce and eradicate severe infestations of invasive non-native species are implemented | 117 | 114 97% | - | 3 3% |

Wetlands, ponds and ditches - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for wetlands, ponds and ditches? (All responding - Base:119)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % |
|---|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 119 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for wetlands, ponds and ditches? | |
| Fens are created and managed to support a diverse range of fen species | 86 72% |
| Reedbeds are created, restored, and managed to support healthy populations of target reedbed species | 101 85% |
| The abundance of breeding wading birds and wintering waders and wildfowl is increased | 91 76% |
| Areas of bare ground are provided to hold water or transport water through wet habitats and provide feed areas for waders | 90 76% |
| Water quality in high value ditches is enhanced to support target species | 102 86% |
| Water quality in ponds is enhanced to support target species | 106 89% |
| Large water bodies are restored | 93 78% |

Wetlands, ponds and ditches - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Fens are created and managed to support a diverse range of fen species

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create new areas of fen habitat are on land with low wildlife value, particularly around existing wetland habitat | 85 | 77 91% | - | 8 9% |
| Restore and maintain priority fen habitats | 83 | 80 96% | - | 3 4% |
| Retain and manage valuable wet woodlands (e.g. through rotational coppicing) | 85 | 78 92% | - | 7 8% |

OUTCOME: Reedbeds are created, restored, and managed to support healthy populations of target reedbed species

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create new areas of reedbed habitat on land with low wildlife value | 100 | 87 87% | - | 13 13% |
| Restore and maintain priority reedbed habitats | 100 | 95 95% | 1 1% | 4 4% |
| Consider use of commercial reedbeds for the treatment of wastewater | 99 | 76 77% | 2 2% | 21 21% |

OUTCOME: The abundance of breeding wading birds and wintering wildfowl is increased

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create and manage wet grassland from arable or temporary grassland | 90 | 75 83% | 1 1% | 14 16% |

OUTCOME: Areas of bare ground are provided to hold water or transport water through wet habitats and provide feed areas for waders

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create and manage scrapes and gutters | 90 | 82 91% | - | 8 9% |

Wetlands, ponds and ditches - Measures (continued)

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Water quality in high value ditches is enhanced to support target species

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Manage water levels in ditches of high environmental value (profile and vegetation) | 98 | 90 92% | 2 2% | 6 6% |
| Buffer in-field ditches to protect from nutrient leaching and sediment run-off | 97 | 89 92% | 2 2% | 6 6% |

OUTCOME: Water quality in ponds is enhanced to support target species

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create new ponds and networks of ponds | 105 | 94 90% | 1 1% | 10 10% |
| Protect and manage existing ponds of high wildlife value | 104 | 100 96% | - | 4 4% |
| In-field ponds are buffered | 100 | 81 81% | - | 19 19% |

OUTCOME: Large water bodies are restored

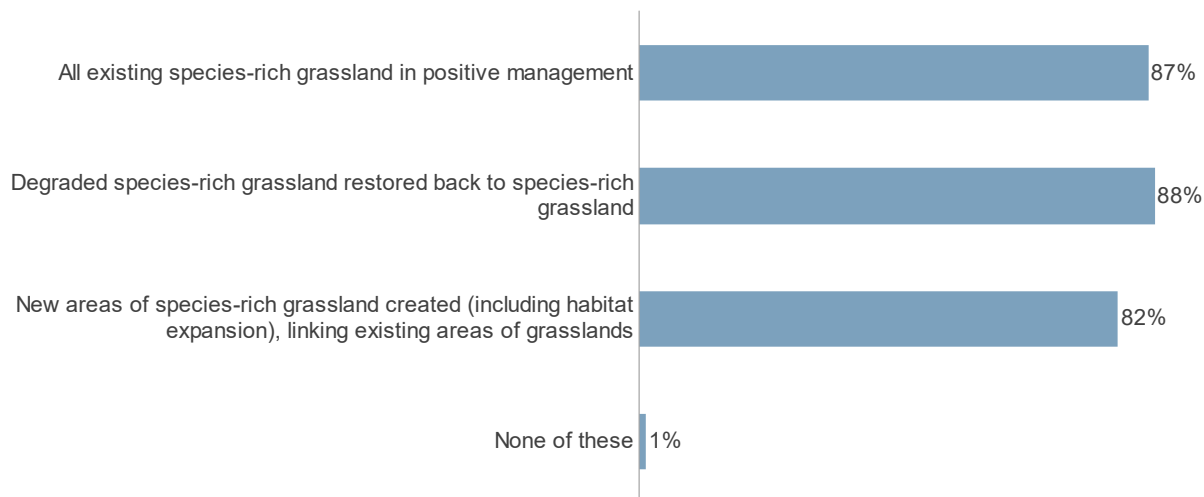
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Manage water levels | 89 | 82 92% | - | 7 8% |
| Manage scrub | 87 | 72 83% | 2 2% | 13 15% |
| Control of invasive non-native species | 91 | 86 95% | 1 1% | 4 4% |
| Remove fish | 85 | 15 18% | 30 35% | 40 47% |
| Control birds | 86 | 17 20% | 35 41% | 34 40% |
| De-silting | 90 | 55 61% | 3 3% | 32 36% |

Species rich grasslands - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for species rich grasslands? (All responding - Base:95)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % |
|---|----------------|
| Respondents | |
| | Base 95 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for species rich grasslands? | |
| All existing species-rich grassland in positive management | 83 87% |
| Degraded species-rich grassland restored back to species-rich grassland | 84 88% |
| New areas of species-rich grassland created (including habitat expansion), linking existing areas of grasslands | 78 82% |
| None of these | 1 1% |

Species rich grasslands - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: All existing species-rich grassland in positive management

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Grazing | 80 | 69 86% | 1 1% | 10 13% |
| Hay/haylage cutting | 78 | 63 81% | 3 4% | 12 15% |
| Little or no application of manure, fertiliser, pesticide or supplementary feed | 81 | 72 89% | 4 5% | 5 6% |
| Maintain a range of plant heights | 80 | 66 83% | 1 1% | 13 16% |
| Remove or manage scrub | 81 | 57 70% | 4 5% | 20 25% |

OUTCOME: Degraded species-rich grassland restored back to species-rich grassland

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Appropriate grazing | 83 | 78 94% | 1 1% | 4 5% |
| Hay/hay cutting regimes | 80 | 68 85% | 3 4% | 9 11% |
| Little or no application of manure, fertiliser, pesticide or supplementary feed | 81 | 73 90% | 4 5% | 4 5% |
| Use of green haylage from local donor meadows | 81 | 64 79% | 2 2% | 15 19% |
| Maintain a range of plant heights | 80 | 63 79% | 2 3% | 15 19% |
| Remove or manage scrub | 79 | 57 72% | 3 4% | 19 24% |

Species rich grasslands - Measures (continued)

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: New areas of species-rich grassland created (including habitat expansion), linking existing areas of grasslands

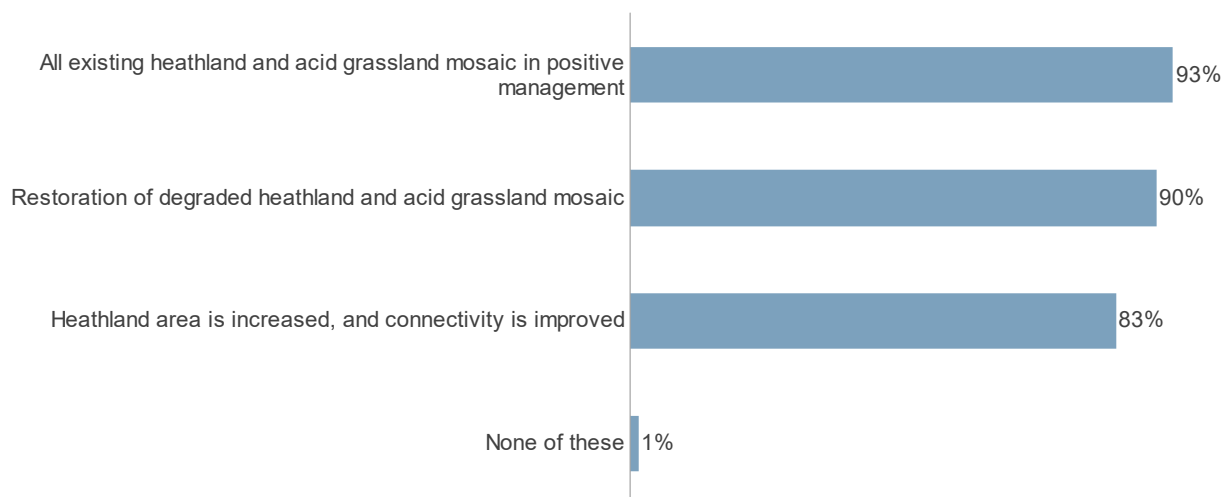
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Revert arable land to grassland | 70 | 53 76% | 6 9% | 11 16% |
| Use of local provenance seed sources or green haylage from local donor meadows | 74 | 66 89% | 1 1% | 7 9% |
| Reduce stocking and fertiliser inputs | 76 | 71 93% | 2 3% | 3 4% |
| Manage grassland through grazing and/or hay cutting regimes | 78 | 74 95% | - - | 4 5% |
| Maintain a range of plant heights | 74 | 63 85% | 2 3% | 9 12% |

Heathland and acid grassland mosaics - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for heathland and acid grassland mosaics? (All responding - Base:72)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts Break % Respondents | |
|--|-------------|
| | Base |
| | 72 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for heathland and acid grassland mosaics? | |
| All existing heathland and acid grassland mosaic in positive management | 67 93% |
| Restoration of degraded heathland and acid grassland mosaic | 65 90% |
| Heathland area is increased, and connectivity is improved | 60 83% |
| None of these | 1 1% |

Heathland and acid grassland mosaics - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: All existing heathland and acid grassland mosaic in positive management

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Measures to manage lowland heathland including scrub control | 65 | 58 89% | 1 2% | 6 9% |
| Control bracken using chemicals or by mechanical means | 66 | 40 61% | 9 14% | 17 26% |
| Dog control measures | 66 | 56 85% | 4 6% | 6 9% |

OUTCOME: Restoration of degraded heathland and acid grassland mosaic

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Re-establish heathland on forested land or woodland, including scrub | 61 | 51 84% | 3 5% | 7 11% |
| Control bracken using chemicals or by mechanical means | 63 | 36 57% | 10 16% | 17 27% |

OUTCOME: Heathland area is increased, and connectivity is improved

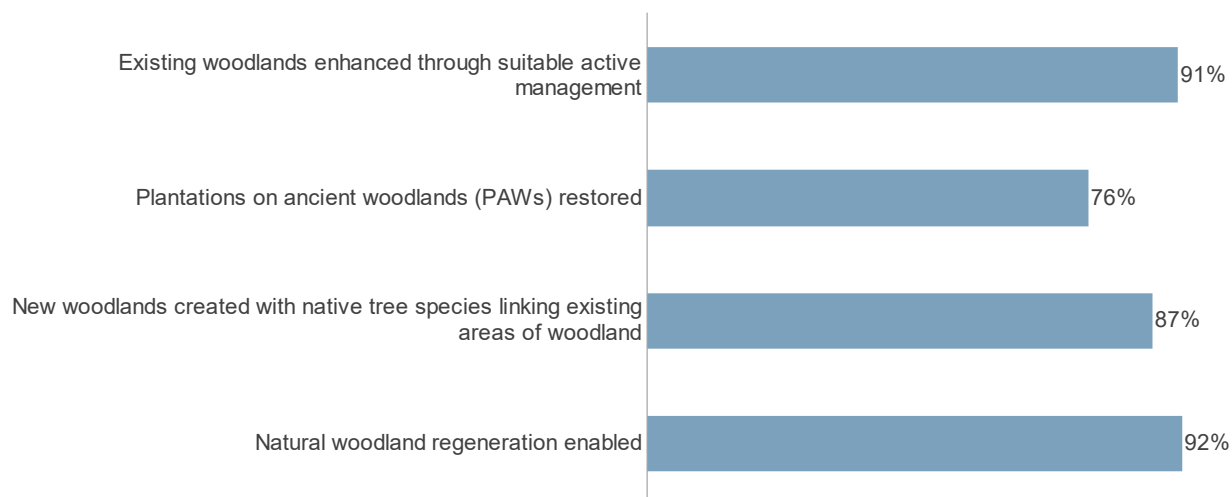
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create lowland heathland from arable or improved grassland | 56 | 42 75% | 6 11% | 8 14% |
| Expand existing heathland areas | 58 | 55 95% | 2 3% | 1 2% |
| Restore mineral workings | 55 | 28 51% | 7 13% | 20 36% |

Woodlands - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for woodlands? (All responding - Base:156)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % |
|---|------------|
| Respondents | |
| Base | 156 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for woodlands? | |
| Existing woodlands enhanced through suitable active management | 142 91% |
| Plantations on ancient woodlands (PAWs) restored | 118 76% |
| New woodlands created with native tree species linking existing areas of woodland | 135 87% |
| Natural woodland regeneration enabled | 143 92% |

Woodlands - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Existing woodlands enhanced through suitable active management

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Woodland improvements such as thinning, selective felling, coppicing, natural regeneration and planting and managing water levels | 141 | 135 96% | 3 2% | 3 2% |
| Actively manage priority woodland species | 137 | 118 86% | 4 3% | 15 11% |
| Create new 'soft' woodland edges on arable land | 136 | 113 83% | 5 4% | 18 13% |
| Manage and control of deer populations | 138 | 102 74% | 17 12% | 19 14% |
| Manage and control of grey squirrel populations. | 139 | 111 80% | 12 9% | 16 12% |
| Improve access and educational opportunities within woodlands | 133 | 100 75% | 8 6% | 25 19% |
| Control of rhododendron, laurel and other invasive non-native woodland species | 139 | 125 90% | 1 1% | 13 9% |
| Raise awareness of and monitor tree pests and diseases | 138 | 127 92% | - | 11 8% |

OUTCOME: Plantations on ancient woodlands (PAWs) restored

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create new areas of fen habitat are on land with low wildlife value, particularly around existing wetland habitat | 85 | 77 91% | - | 8 9% |

OUTCOME: Plantations on ancient woodlands (PAWs) restored

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create and maintain new diverse native woodland | 132 | 127 96% | 2 2% | 3 2% |
| Create new 'soft' woodland edges on arable land | 130 | 113 87% | 4 3% | 13 10% |
| Create or extend scrub on arable or improved permanent grassland on land next to existing scrub or woodland areas in areas particularly inhabited by target species | 129 | 99 77% | 3 2% | 27 21% |
| Manage and control of deer populations | 129 | 92 71% | 21 16% | 16 12% |
| Manage and control of grey squirrel populations | 129 | 100 78% | 15 12% | 14 11% |
| Control of rhododendron, laurel and other invasive non-native woodland species | 131 | 113 86% | 2 2% | 16 12% |

Woodlands - Measures (continued)

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Natural woodland regeneration enabled

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Manage and control of deer populations | 137 | 99 72% | 20 15% | 18 13% |
| Manage and control of grey squirrel populations. | 138 | 108 78% | 15 11% | 15 11% |
| Control of rhododendron, laurel and other invasive non-native woodland species | 141 | 124 88% | 2 1% | 15 11% |

Wood pasture and parklands - Outcomes

Would you like to see the following outcome achieved for wood pasture and parklands? (All responding - Base:85)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Single select

'Existing lowland wood pasture, and historic parkland is restored and managed'



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------------|-------------|
| | Base | 85 |
| Existing lowland wood pasture, and historic parkland is restored and managed | | |
| | Yes | 78 92% |
| | No | 3 4% |
| | Don't know | 4 5% |

Wood pasture and parklands - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Existing lowland wood pasture, and historic parkland is restored and managed

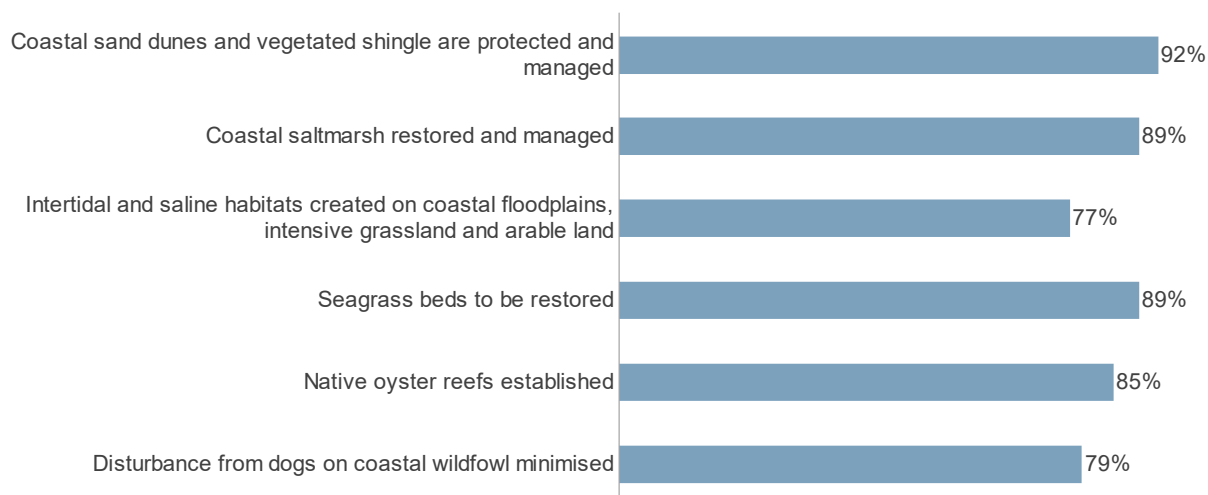
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Prevent damage and, where possible, maintain pollarding and sufficient light to veteran trees | 77 | 72 94% | 1 1% | 4 5% |
| Ensure newly planted trees have enough space to allow open grown crowns to develop | 77 | 73 95% | 1 1% | 3 4% |
| Provide replacement veteran trees in the future | 75 | 68 91% | 1 1% | 6 8% |
| Create new wood pasture or parkland on arable or improved/semi-improved grassland | 77 | 64 83% | 5 6% | 8 10% |
| Avoid use of fertilisers and pesticides to protect rare lichens and fungi and encourage floristic diversity | 75 | 72 96% | 1 1% | 2 3% |

Coastal - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for coastal areas? (All responding - Base:92)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts Break % Respondents | |
|--|-------------|
| | Base |
| | 92 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for coastal areas? | |
| Coastal sand dunes and vegetated shingle are protected and managed | 85 92% |
| Coastal saltmarsh restored and managed | 82 89% |
| Seagrass beds to be restored | 82 89% |
| Native oyster reefs established | 78 85% |
| Disturbance from dogs on coastal wildfowl minimised | 73 79% |
| Intertidal and saline habitats created on coastal floodplains, intensive grassland and arable land | 71 77% |

Coastal - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

OUTCOME: Coastal sand dunes and vegetated shingle are protected and managed

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Manage existing coastal sand dunes and vegetated shingle sites | 82 | 76 93% | 1 1% | 5 6% |
| Look to create sand dune and vegetated shingle on arable land or improved grassland in locations that were once part of, or next to active sand dune or shingle systems | 83 | 62 75% | 6 7% | 15 18% |

OUTCOME: Coastal saltmarsh restored and managed

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Maintain coastal saltmarsh in good condition | 78 | 76 97% | 1 1% | 1 1% |
| Restore saltmarsh in unfavourable condition | 76 | 68 89% | 5 7% | 3 4% |

OUTCOME: Inter-tidal and saline habitat, including saltmarsh, created on coastal flood plain, intensive grassland, and arable land (subject to managed retreat/realignment)

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create inter-tidal and saline habitat on arable land, or on intensive grassland or by non-intervention | 68 | 53 78% | 5 7% | 10 15% |
| Manage and restore coastal floodplain grazing marsh as a priority habitat and for use by waders/brent geese | 67 | 62 93% | 2 3% | 3 4% |

OUTCOME: Seagrass beds to be restored

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Restore seagrass beds by using established techniques with a focus on existing mapped areas | 80 | 76 95% | 1 1% | 3 4% |

OUTCOME: Native oyster reefs established

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Establish native oyster reefs in appropriate locations | 76 | 72 95% | 1 1% | 3 4% |

Coastal - Measures (continued)

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

OUTCOME: Disturbance from dogs on coastal wildfowl minimised

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Dog control measures | 71 | 67 94% | 2 3% | 2 3% |

Farming and nature - Outcomes

Would you like to see the following outcome achieved for farming and nature? (All responding - Base:93)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Single select

'Nature friendly farming and protection of nature on arable land'



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|-------------------|-------------|
| | Base | 93 |
| Nature friendly farming and protection of nature on arable land | | |
| | Yes | 89 96% |
| | No | 2 2% |
| | Don't know | 2 2% |

Farming and nature - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Nature friendly farming and protection of nature on arable land

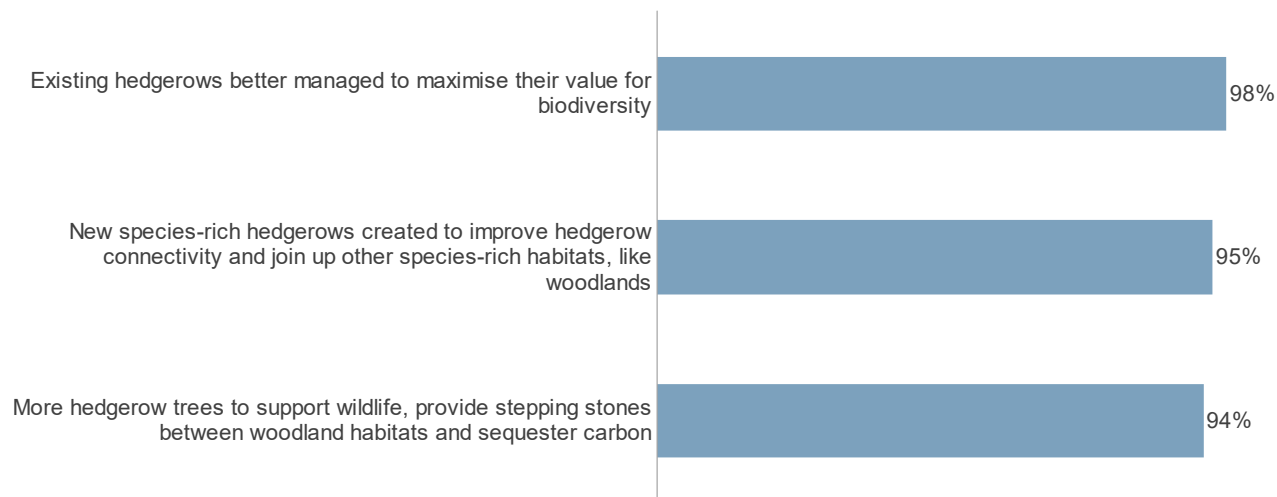
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Creation of skylark plots | 87 | 77 89% | 1 1% | 9 10% |
| Creation of nesting plots for lapwing and stone curlew | 88 | 79 90% | - - | 9 10% |
| Targeting specific threatened species for reintroduction, re-colonisation or range extension | 87 | 75 86% | 5 6% | 7 8% |
| Management of grassland for target features such as feeding areas of over-wintering geese in locations that are free from disturbance | 88 | 71 81% | 4 5% | 13 15% |
| Provide cultivated areas and manage for rare arable plants | 87 | 73 84% | 2 2% | 12 14% |
| Provide unharvested cereal headlands, overwinter stubble and winter bird food | 86 | 75 87% | 2 2% | 9 10% |
| Protection of in-field trees on intensive grassland or arable | 88 | 77 88% | 3 3% | 8 9% |
| Creation and management of 4 to 6m buffer strips on intensive grassland or cultivated land | 89 | 80 90% | 1 1% | 8 9% |
| Establishment of an agroforestry system where suitable | 85 | 65 76% | 4 5% | 16 19% |
| Pollinator strips | 86 | 81 94% | 2 2% | 3 3% |

Hedgerows - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for hedgerows? (All responding - Base:126)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | |
|---|-----------------|
| Break % | |
| Respondents | |
| | Base 126 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for hedgerows? | |
| Existing hedgerows better managed to maximise their value for biodiversity | 123 98% |
| New species-rich hedgerows created to improve hedgerow connectivity and join up other species-rich habitats, like woodlands | 120 95% |
| More hedgerow trees to support wildlife, provide stepping stones between woodland habitats and sequester carbon | 118 94% |

Hedgerows - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Existing hedgerows better managed to maximise their value for biodiversity

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Trimming, pruning, laying, coppicing and gapping up existing hedgerows | 121 | 115 95% | 1 1% | 5 4% |

OUTCOME: New species-rich hedgerows created to improve hedgerow connectivity and join up other species-rich habitats, like woodlands

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|----|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Planting new hedgerows with local native species | 120 | 117 98% | - | 3 3% |

OUTCOME: More hedgerow trees to support wildlife, provide stepping stones between woodland habitats and sequester carbon

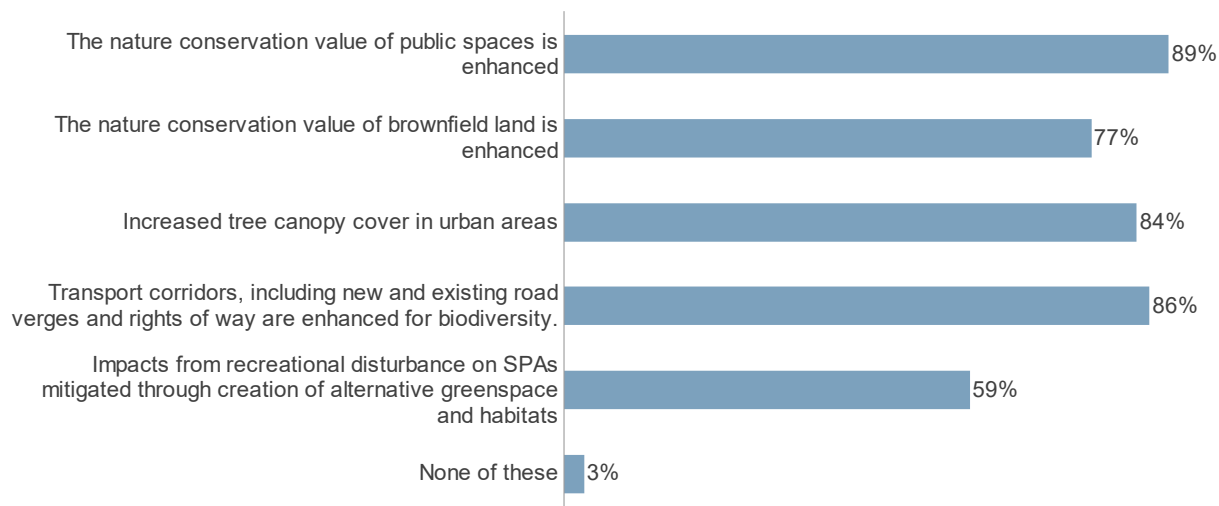
| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Planting standard hedgerow trees in new and existing hedgerows | 118 | 107 91% | 4 3% | 7 6% |

Greenspace, access and transport related - Outcomes

Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for greenspace, access and transport related? (All responding - Base:106)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Multi-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|---------|-------------|
| | Base | 106 |
| Which, if any, of the following outcomes would you like to see achieved for greenspace, access and transport related? | | |
| The nature conservation value of public spaces is enhanced | 94 | 89% |
| Transport corridors, including new and existing road verges and rights of way are enhanced for biodiversity. | 91 | 86% |
| Increased tree canopy cover in urban areas | 89 | 84% |
| The nature conservation value of brownfield land is enhanced | 82 | 77% |
| Impacts from recreational disturbance on SPAs mitigated through creation of alternative greenspace and habitats | 63 | 59% |
| None of these | 3 | 3% |

Greenspace, access and transport related - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: The nature conservation value of public spaces is enhanced

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|----------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Wildflower planting/seeding | 92 | 87 95% | 1 1% | 4 4% |
| Hedgerow planting | 93 | 87 94% | 2 2% | 4 4% |
| Tree and shrub planting | 93 | 85 91% | 2 2% | 6 6% |
| Reduced mowing | 93 | 69 74% | 9 10% | 15 16% |
| Scrub management | 91 | 71 78% | 4 4% | 16 18% |
| Removal of invasive species | 92 | 82 89% | 1 1% | 9 10% |
| Pond creation/ maintenance | 92 | 83 90% | 1 1% | 8 9% |
| Herbicide reduction | 91 | 82 90% | 2 2% | 7 8% |
| Improved footpaths and signage | 93 | 84 90% | 1 1% | 8 9% |

OUTCOME: The nature conservation value of brownfield land is enhanced

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Create and maintain open mosaic habitat on previously developed land | 82 | 75 91% | - - | 7 9% |
| Recognise and value the contribution of brownfield habitats to nature | 80 | 76 95% | 1 1% | 3 4% |

OUTCOME: Increased tree canopy cover in urban areas

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|--------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Plant more street trees | 89 | 86 97% | - - | 3 3% |

Greenspace, access and transport related - Measures (continued)

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Transport corridors, including new and existing road verges and rights of way are enhanced for biodiversity

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Allowing an unmown period on road verges for at least 3 months over summer for flowering and collect arisings (e.g. grass cuttings and other plant materials) if possible | 89 | 81 91% | 4 4% | 4 4% |
| Low input buffer strips on field sides of road verges of ecological importance (RVEI) | 88 | 80 91% | - | 8 9% |
| Target new & existing travel routes (rail, road, cycleways and footpaths) for high quality green and blue infrastructure, including Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) and planting that reflects the character of the area | 90 | 84 93% | - | 6 7% |

OUTCOME: Impacts from recreational disturbance on the Thames Basin Heaths SPA, Wealden Heaths SPA, New Forest SPA and coastal SPAs are mitigated through the creation of alternative greenspace and habitats

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Wildflower planting/seeding | 61 | 58 95% | - | 3 5% |
| Hedgerow planting | 60 | 58 97% | - | 2 3% |
| Tree and shrub planting | 60 | 58 97% | - | 2 3% |
| Reduced mowing | 60 | 52 87% | 2 3% | 6 10% |
| Scrub management | 60 | 50 83% | 1 2% | 9 15% |
| Removal of invasive species | 61 | 57 93% | - | 4 7% |
| Pond creation/maintenance | 60 | 57 95% | - | 3 5% |
| Herbicide reduction | 60 | 56 93% | - | 4 7% |
| Improved footpaths and signage | 59 | 50 85% | 1 2% | 8 14% |

Sites of importance for nature conservation (SINCs) - Outcomes

Would you like to see the following outcome achieved for sites of importance for nature conservation (SINCs)? (All responding - Base:106)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Single select

'The condition of SINC habitats is improved'



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------------|-------------|
| | Base | 106 |
| The condition of SINC habitats is improved | | |
| | Yes | 105 99% |
| | No | - - |
| | Don't know | 1 1% |

Sites of importance for nature conservation (SINCs) - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: The condition of SINC habitats is improved

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|--|-------|------------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| An appropriate range of measures will be used dependent on the type of habitat | 103 | 100 97% | 1 1% | 2 2% |

Improving knowledge of priority species and priority habitats - Outcomes

Would you like to see the following outcome achieved for improving knowledge of priority species and priority habitats in Hampshire? (All responding - Base:98)

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to answer about this priority area

Response option: Single select

'Priority habitats and priority species populations are enhanced and sustained with the most up to date supporting evidence'



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|---|-------------------|-------------|
| | Base | 98 |
| Priority habitats and priority species populations are enhanced and sustained with the most up to date supporting evidence | | |
| | Yes | 93 95% |
| | No | - - |
| | Don't know | 5 5% |

Improving knowledge of priority species and priority habitats - Measures

Do you think these are the right measures to achieve the following outcomes:

Asked to: Those who selected they would like to see that outcome achieved

OUTCOME: Priority habitats and priority species populations are enhanced and sustained with the most up to date supporting evidence

| Counts Analysis % Respondents | Total | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|
| | | Yes | No | Don't know |
| Species survey, monitoring and evaluation | 93 | 92 99% | - | 1 1% |
| Managing land specifically for priority species | 92 | 79 86% | 4 4% | 9 10% |
| Ensuring the most up-to-date habitat surveys are available to guide management options and monitor progress | 93 | 88 95% | - | 5 5% |

Section Four - Species recovery

Contents

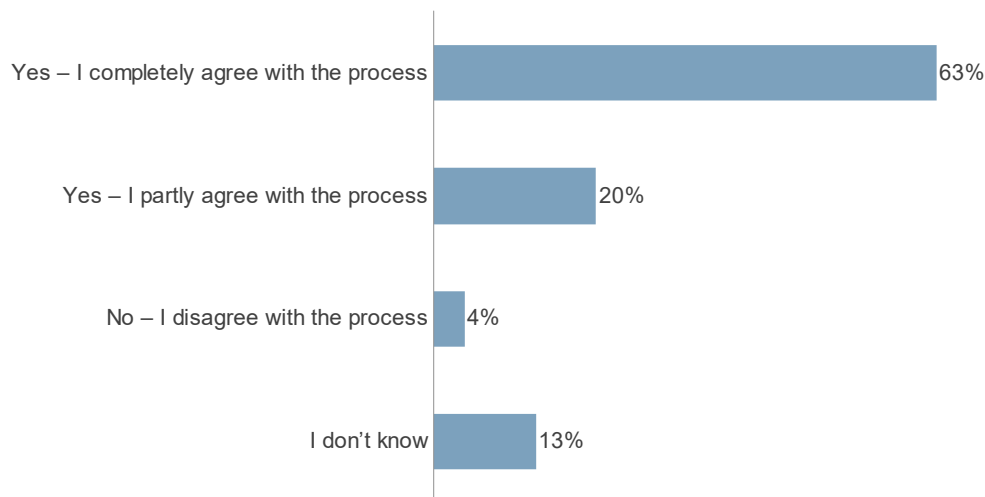
Page 67: Level of agreement with the process used to prioritise species for focus

Level of agreement with the process used to prioritise species for focus

Do you agree with the process that has been used to prioritise species for focus? (All responding - Base:266)

Asked to: All

Response option: Single-select



| Counts | Break % | Respondents |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Base | | 266 |
| Do you agree with the process that has been used to prioritise species for focus? | | |
| Yes – I completely agree with the process | 168 63% | |
| Yes – I partly agree with the process | 54 20% | |
| No – I disagree with the process | 10 4% | |
| I don't know | 34 13% | |